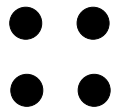


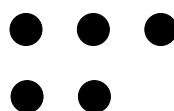
**play!** Division with remainders: **Part 1** [ $\div 2$ ]

1. If a number divided by two gives an exact answer, the number is called an even number.


 $4 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  This means that 4 is an                      number.

**× sum:**  $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

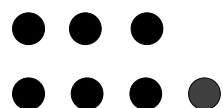
2. If a number divided by two gives a remainder, the number is called an odd number.

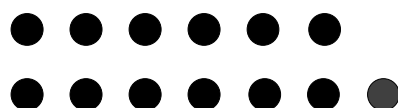

 $5 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  remainder  $\underline{\quad}$

This means that 5 is an                      number.

**× and + sum:**  $(\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

3. Complete. Make groups of 2 dots each.

a)   $7 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  remainder  $\underline{\quad}$

b)   $13 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  remainder  $\underline{\quad}$

4. Without drawing and grouping dots, we can use multiplication and addition to check the answers to division sums with remainders.

a)  $9 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  because  $(\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

b)  $15 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  because  $(\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

c)  $21 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$  because  $(\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}) + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$