Learn From The Examiner

How To Pass the IELTS Speaking



By Former IELTS Examiner

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How to Pass the IELTS Speaking Module

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1. Introduction

This book is designed to help IELTS candidates raise their IELTS Speaking scores by an entire band, enabling them to get the mark they require for their future life.

This document has been put together by a former IELTS Speaking Examiner who has experience of interviewing many thousands of IELTS candidates and has been thereby able to identify the simple errors which the majority of candidates make again and again.

After finishing reading this book you will be in a strong position to prepare yourself to succeed in the IELTS Speaking exam.

Of course if you combine the knowledge and wisdom inside this book with completing an online audio course at IELTS-Blog.com you will greatly increase the effectiveness of this book in helping to raise your band score, and will be almost certain to raise your overall band score for the IELTS speaking module.

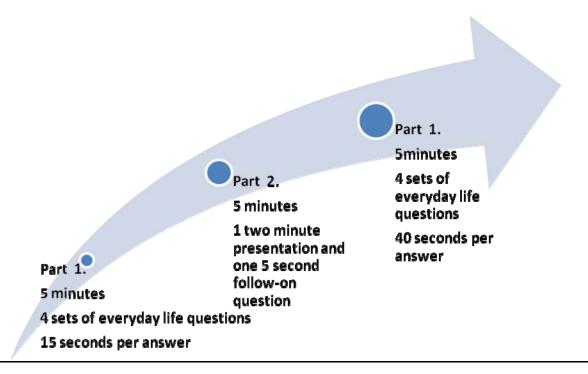
Overview of the Test

The IELTS Speaking Module tests your ability to produce sentences in English in response to questions asked. It is a test of your ability to create sentences in English, so to this extent if you practise set answer structures you will greatly increase the marks which you will receive for your test.

The test lasts between 5-15 minutes. The length of the test depends upon how long the candidate wants to speak for. There are 3 parts and each part has a maximum of 5 minutes available.

It is in your interests to speak for as long as possible in order to demonstrate your English language skills. So this book shows you how to manage the time in each of the three parts of test so that you have more chance to impress the examiner with practised sentence structures but *not* memorized scripts.

So here is a summary of the Speaking Test:



Here is an Overview of the Marking Criteria

In the speaking test you will be marked on your English language ability in **four different areas**. These are:

- 1) Style and ability to express yourself in English
- 2) Vocabulary range and accuracy
- 3) Grammatical range and ability
- 4) Pronunciation

All the above can be greatly improved through practising prewritten answers to the speaking questions shown below.

2. Part 1 of the Speaking Test

How to Answer the Introductory Questions in Part 1 of the Speaking Test

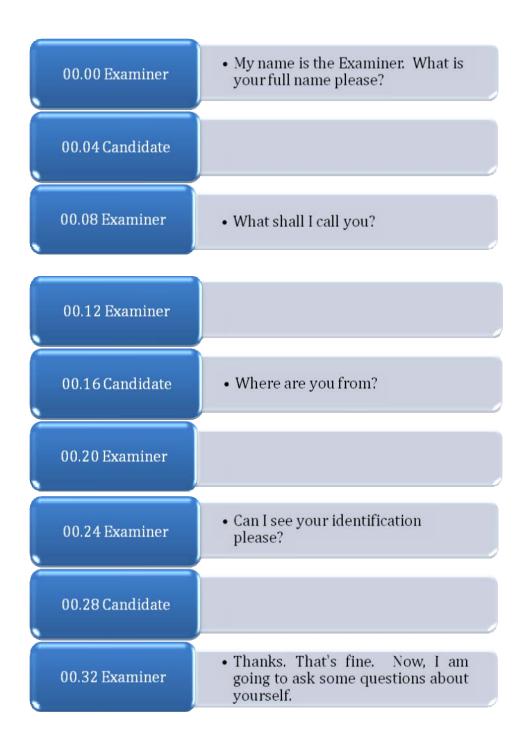
The introductory questions are asked at the beginning of Part 1 of the Speaking test for two reasons:

- 1. To confirm the identity of the Candidate for Examiner and for the DRD recording (DRD means Digital Recording Device).
- 2. To provide some simple warm up questions to help the candidate to start thinking in English.

Tip: It is important to remember that *this part of the test is not rated* - so there is no need to try and provide good answers. You just need to show that you understand the questions asked by the examiner and can provide simple, yet effective answers in grammatically and stylistically correct English.

You should also keep your answers short so that you will have more time for the rated questions in part 1. The more time you spend answering the introductory questions, the less time you will have to show your English ability in the rated section of part 1.

The Introductory questions:



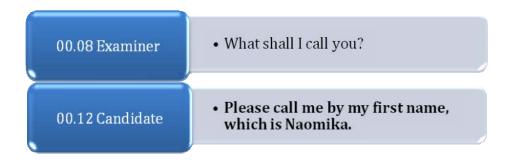
Below is an example of how to answer the introductory questions:

00.00 Examiner	My name is the Examiner. What is your full name please?
00.04 Candidate	• Hi. My full name is Naomika Advani
00.08 Examiner	• What shall I call you?
00.12 Examiner	Please call me by my first name, which is Naomika.
00.16 Candidate	• Where are you from?
00.20 Examiner	• I am from New Delhi in India.
00.24 Examiner	• Can I see your identification?
00.28 Candidate	• Yes. Here You are.
00.32 Examiner	Thanks. That's fine. Now, I'm going to ask you some questions about yourself.
00.32 Examiner	to ask you some questions about

Explanation of the appropriate answers to the introductory questions



Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity. So you only need to confirm your full name.



Explanation: Examiners are unlikely to use your name in the interview, so do not worry about your name being possibly difficult for foreigners to pronounce. Simply give the name that your friends and family call you by.

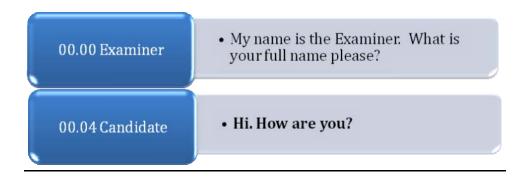


Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to find out which part of your country you are from. So you only need to confirm your home town or province, and where it is in your country.



Explanation: The examiner is asking to see your identification document-either your national Identification Card or your Passport, so you need to have this ready (placed on the table in front of you) to give to the examiner to look at.

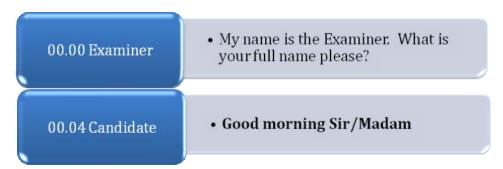
Examples of bad answers to the Part 1 introductory Questions



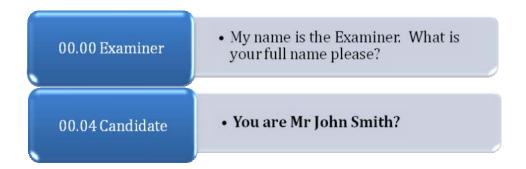
Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity. So you only need to confirm your full name. You are not being asked to start a conversation.



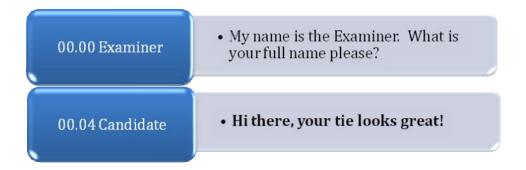
Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity for the Digital Recording Device. So you only need to confirm your full name. The examiner is already in your country and probably also lives in your country, so does not need welcoming. Also this answer is unprofessional - you should avoid being emotional in the Speaking test.



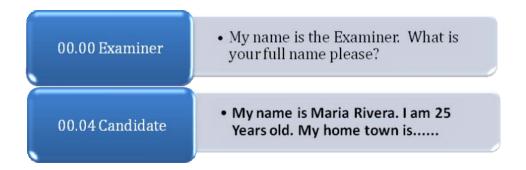
Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity. So you only need to confirm your full name. You are not being asked to start a conversation.



Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity .So you only need to confirm your full name. You are not being asked to start a conversation.



Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity. So you only need to confirm your full name. You are not being asked to start a conversation. It is also unprofessional to talk about how the examiner looks.



Explanation: You are being asked a simple question to confirm your identity for the DRD recording. So you only need to confirm your full name. You do not need to provide any additional information and will make the examiner's job more difficult as you have answered questions in Part 1.

Part 1. Topic Questions:

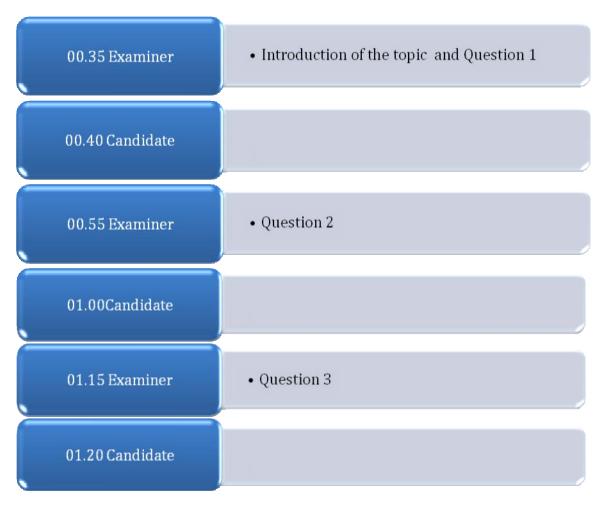
In Part 1, after the introductory questions, you will be asked 3 questions based upon questions about your daily life. Each topic has three questions to answer on that topic.

As the examiner is allowed 4-5 minutes for part 1, this means that after the introduction there is approximately 1 minute for each topic, therefore you should allow this time limit to allow time to answer each question, and so earn maximum possible marks.

Tip: You should allow 15 seconds to answer each question to give yourself enough time to answer all the questions and to show that you have the required range of English ability.

Each of the three topic questions which you will be asked will use the same following format:

Part 1 topic question format:



And here is a sample topic question:



On the next pages is a sample answer followed by explanations as to why the questions were answered in that way.

00.35 Examiner

• First of all, let's talk about walking. Do you enjoy walking?

00.40 Candidate

 Yes I do enjoy walking. I walk everywhere that I can. I find it very relaxing and it is is obviously good for my health. it also has the added benefit of being free to do. I always feel very relaxed and refreshed after a long walk.

00.55 Examiner

• How often do you go walking?

• I try to walk everyday. Since I moved to a new place to live, I have made the decision to try to walk to all the places which I need to visit as part of my daily life. Not only 01.00 Candidate does this keep me healthy, but it also allows me to explore the new area that I am now living in. 01.15 Examiner • Is Walking popular in your country? Yes, I think that walking has always been popular in my country. This is because it is both free and a good form of exercise. I 01.20 Candidate think that a lot of people prefer to walk than to have to pay money to travel short distances around their hometown.

Explanation: The one thing that you must not do in answering a question is to give a one word answer. So the above answers avoid the first potential way to lose marks.

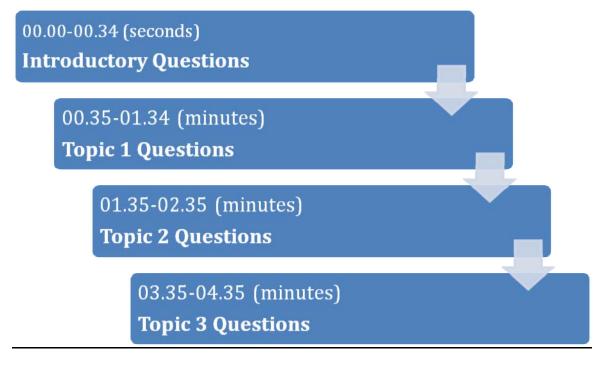
The answers are also 15 second long, which is long enough to answer the question in detail and at the same time short enough to stay within the recommended 1 minute for each topic. This then allows the examiner to ask all the 3 topic questions, and so gives the candidate the opportunity to get more marks.

If you plan to answer three 5 second sentences for each question in part 1 you will have enough time to answer all the questions. To recap:

A timing strategy for answering part 1 topic questions:



Review of Part 1 of the Speaking test



3. Part 2 of the Speaking Test

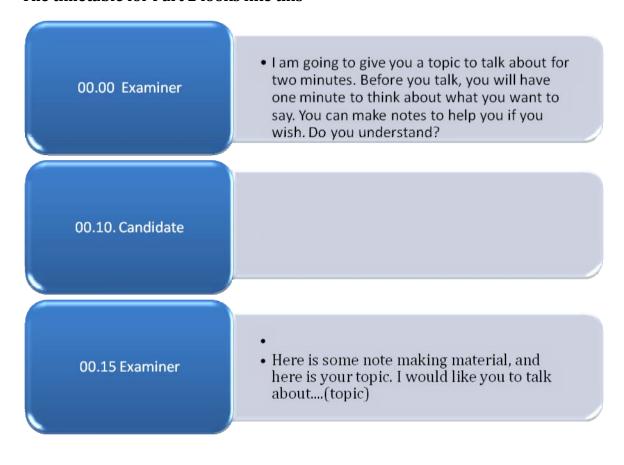
How to Answer Part 2 of the Speaking Test

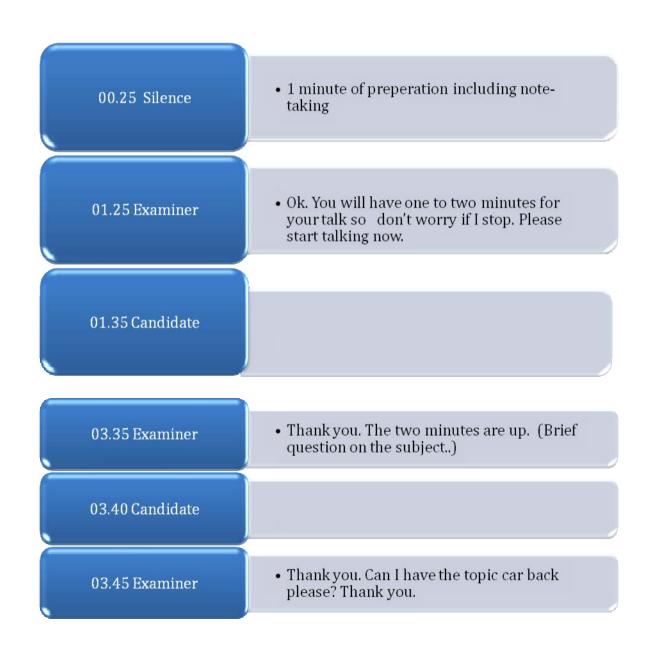
Part two of the Speaking Test is where you are given a topic to talk about for 1 - 2 minutes. The topic can be on any subject and you are given one minute to prepare for it including making notes if necessary.

After speaking for one to two minutes (you must speak for a minimum of 1 minute and a maximum of two minutes.), the examiner will stop you and ask you a general follow up question on the topic which should be answered briefly (ideally 5 seconds.)

Tip: You should try and speak for the maximum 2 minutes permitted to maximise your chance of being highly rated in your ability to present a topic in English.

The timetable for Part 2 looks like this





And here are some topic examples (not actual test materials - as they are protected by copyright law):

Question 1

Question	Question
type	
Main	Describe a shop that you like to visit. In your talk mention the
Subject	following:
	Where the shop is
	What the shop specializes in
	Why you like to shop there
	1
Follow up	Do your friends also like to visit this shop?
Question	·

Question 2

Question	Question
type	
Main	Describe a place that you enjoyed visiting recently. In your talk
Subject	mention the following:
	Where the place is
	Why you visited the place
	What you liked about the place
Follow up	Is this a popular place to visit?
Question	

Question 3

Question	Question
type	
Main	Describe a job that interested you:
Subject	 What the job is What the job involves Why this job interests you
Follow up	Is this a popular job in your country?
Question	

Advice on how to answer the Topic

You should focus on the key words in the question and identify the three questions which need answering.

For example Question 1:

Question type	Question (a green highlighted word means it is a key word to be highlighted)
Main Subject	Describe a shop that you like to visit. In your talk mention
	the following:
	Where the shop is
	 What the shop specializes in
	Why you like to shop there
	1

Then you should make the following note plan

Describe a shop you like

- Where the shop is
- What the shop sells
- Why you like the shop

The notes for Question 1 could look like this:

Describe a shop you like

Where the shop is

Abc Fashion store, Golden City Shopping Mall, city centre, ten minutes from my home

• What the shop sells

Women's fashion, skirts, jackets, tops, dresses, accessories, all from local designers

Why you like the shop

Always new stock, original clothes, cutting edge designs, friendly staff

The answer could be something like this:

Describe a shop that you like to visit. In your talk mention the following:

- Where the shop is
- What the shop specializes in
- Why you like to shop there

Answer: 00.00 Seconds.

I would like to talk about a shop which I have been going to for four years now. It is called ABC Fashion and as the name suggests it is a fashion shop dedicated to women's fashion. It is located in the centre of my home town, only 10 minutes walk away from where I live. This means it has a prime position in the city centre.

I am a big fan of it for a number of reasons. Firstly, the store has a policy of only selling clothing items such as Jackets, dresses and tops designed by locally based fashion designers. This gives all their products a freshness and originality of design which I really appreciate. It also allows me to help support and encourage local people who are building their own fashion businesses in my local area.

Secondly, despite the fact that all the items are limited edition designs, the prices are extremely reasonable and compare very favourably with the large and much more well know clothing stores in my city. Abc fashion is even able to offer similar prices to the national clothing chain stores which we have in my city.

Thirdly, Abc Fashion has a very relaxed and original layout to their shop. There are comfortable chairs and fashion magazines to read for people who come in but don't want to buy anything. They even have a coffee machine where you can buy yourself hot drinks. I can genuinely say that the whole decoration is very tastefully and stylishly presented in a truly original way.

Finally what makes Abc store are the staff-they are wonderful. I have known some of them for the entire four years that I have been going in to the store. They say that it is such a nice atmosphere to work in that they don't want to leave and look for work elsewhere. In fact, I now consider them to be my friends. They even sometimes reserve clothes which they think that I will like to buy. These are the little things that make shopping in ABC fashion store such a great experience and indeed why I decided to talk about it here today.

01.59 minutes.

There would then be the follow up question to answer:

Follow up	Do your friends also like to visit this shop?
Question	

And the answer could be:

Follow up	Yes it is very popular with my friends.
Question	

How to answer Question 2

1. Identify the Key words:

Question type	Question
Main Subject	Describe a place that you enjoyed visiting recently. In your talk mention the following: • Where the place is • Why you visited the place • What you liked about the place

2. Make a note plan:

Describe a place that you enjoyed visiting recently

• Where the place is

White Beach on Mindoro island 2.5 hours bus and boat ride from my home city, central Philippines

• Why you enjoyed when you visited the place

In a beautiful natural setting, first time to go on white sandy beach, very exciting, with friends

• What you like about the place

Stunningly beautiful area, beautiful blue sea

3. Write the answer

Describe a place that you enjoyed visiting recently. In your talk mention the following:

- Where the place is
- Why you visited the place
- What you liked about the place

Answer: 00.00 seconds.

I would like to talk about a place which I visited last summer. This place is called White beach. It is on Mindoro island in the centre of my country. Mindoro island is actually so large that it made up of two provinces. To get there we had to go on a two and a half hour bus and boat ride from my home city which is in the centre of Luzon island.

I went to Mindoro with friends from home. We wanted to go to somewhere interesting that we had never been to before, where we could enjoy both the sun and the sea. We did an extensive search on the internet and found out that White Beach in Mindoro offered these things. Before I went to White Beach with my friends I had never been to Mindoro, and I had not met anyone else who had been to the island either. However the island is being heavily promoted now as a holiday destination for Filipino people, so myself and my friends were aware of it. However we had always assumed that it would be too expensive for us to visit and stay there. So when we went to our local travel agent and found out that it was within our holiday budget, we were both amazed and really happy. We booked for a week and stayed in a hotel with a good view of the large, sandy beach.

The first thing I noticed when we arrived there was how hot it was-Mindoro is in the centre of your country, so it is warm all year round. I think it was about 34 degrees on the day we landed at the airport. Myself and my friends were so hot that after checking in to our hotel rooms, we all changed in to our beach clothes and headed straight out onto the beach. We were amazed at just how hot the sand was on the beach. The sea was amazing, we had never seen such blue water.

We spent a week at White beach and when we returned we brought some traditional handicrafts made by the local people. We gave these as souvenirs to our friends and family. White beach was a place that I really enjoyed visiting. 01.58 seconds.

There would then be the follow up question to answer:

Follow up Question	Is this a popular place to visit?
1 6	

And the answer could be:

How to answer Question 3

1. Identify the Key words

Question type	Question
Main Subject	 Describe a job that interested you: What the job is What the job involves Why this job interests you

2. Make a note plan

Describe a job that interests you.

• What the job is

Film actor

• What the job involves

Acting, making films, rehearsing

• Why this job interests you

Chance to become famous, travel

3. Write the answer

Describe a job that interested you:

- What the job is
- What the job involves
- Why this job interests you

Answer: 00.00 seconds. I think that for many people acting seems like glamorous work, but it is a profession that requires talent and lots of practice and training. For most actors as well there is a large degree of luck involved in becoming successful in your career. However acting is something that I have always wanted to do. I can remember wanting to act as a child, and it is an ambition that has stayed with me to this day. For me, all the hard work and effort involved would be rewarded by the sense of satisfaction that I would get from having acted in a great film.

When most people think of film stars, they think of celebrities, of being famous and being admired for who you are. I have to admit that I too would like to be famous and to be admired by people. I think that this is a normal part of being a human being, and that everybody secretly wants to be respected by others. I think that the problem would come in finding out how well to deal with becoming suddenly famous and being well known throughout the country.

A big attraction in acting for me would be the ability to travel and meet new people. I really enjoy travelling and look forward to doing this whenever I can, and it would become a very big part of my job if I was to become an actor. Acting would also involve meeting new people and this is also something that I am greatly interested in and I would genuinely enjoy this side of the profession.

It seems that everybody wants to become a movie star, so I know that I would have a lot of intense competition to achieve my dream. However with hard work and practice and an admittedly large amount of luck, I feel confident in being able to achieve this ambition. How soon this may happen however is unclear, because there are so many factors involved. Many other people have succeeded in becoming well respected actors both domestically and internationally, and I feel that there is no reason why I cannot do the same. I believe that talent and hard work will go a long way in becoming successful in life. 01.58 minutes.

There would then be the follow up question to answer:

Follow up	Is this a popular job in your country?
Question	

And the answer could be:

Follow up	Yes it is very popular with my friends.
Question	

Common Errors to Part Two

There are three possible serious errors to answering Part 2 of the Speaking Test. These are:

- 1. Not speaking!
- 2. Not speaking for a minimum of 1 minute.
- 3. Not speaking about the topic –called being off topic. For example:

Talk about a famous building in your country. In your talk, mention the following:

- Where the building is
- Why you think the building is famous
- Whether you like this building or not.)

Answer. 00.00 seconds. I am going to talk about an enjoyable holiday that I went on recently......

4. Part 3 of the Speaking Test

How to Answer Part 3 of the Speaking Test

Part 3 of the Speaking Test is where you are asked follow up questions on the topic which you spoke about in you talk in Part 2 of the Speaking Test. The scheduled time allowed for Part 3 is 4-5 minutes, so you should allow yourself 40 seconds for answering each question.

There are two questions, each with 3 sub questions to answer. If you take 4 minutes answering Question 1 and the sub questions, then you will not be asked any of the questions on Question 2. The Examiner will keep as close as possible to the four minutes and it is up to the candidate how much time to allow for answering each question.

Tip: The questions are based upon the topic question in part two, but not your talk given in part two. This is important to remember. So if the topic for part two was about popular styles of food, and you gave a talk on Italian food, the questions in part three will be about all kinds of food - not just Italian food.

The timetable and questions for part three could look like this:

Part 3			
Time	Question	Speaker	Question / Answer
(Seconds)			
00.00	Q1 (1)	Examiner	We've been talking about popular styles of food and
			I would like to go onto ask some more general
			questions on this subject.
			(Question 1) First of all, I would like to talk about
			what makes a certain type of food popular in a
			country. What does make a style of food popular?
00.10		Candidate	
00.50	Q1 (2)	Examiner	What are the most popular styles of food in your
			country?
00.55		Candidate	
01.35	Q1 (3)	Examiner	Do you think new styles of food will become popular
			in the future?
01.40		Candidate	
02.20	Q2 (1)	Examiner	(Question 2) Let's go onto talk about national
			variations in food styles. Why do you think
			countries have such different styles of food?
02.30		Candidate	
03.10	Q2 (2)	Examiner	Is it important to be born in a country to be able to
			cook the national food properly?
03.15		Candidate	
03.55	Q2 (3)	Examiner	Do you think that there will be only one global style

		of food in the future?
04.00	Candidate	
04.40	Examiner	Thank you. That's the end of the speaking test.

Below is an example of what the answers could look like:

Part 3			
Time	Question	Speaker	Question / Answer
(Seconds)			
00.00	Q1 (1)	Examiner	We've been talking about popular styles of food and I
			would like to go onto ask some more general
			questions on this subject.
			(Question 1) First of all, I would like to talk about
			what makes a certain type of food popular in a
			country. What does make a style of food popular?
00.10		Candidate	I think that the area of food is a very complex one.
			In my country, Abcd, people are very interested in
			food. Perhaps more so than in a lot of other
			countries. If you bring up the topic of food in my
			country, then nearly everybody has an opinion
			about it-if there is one thing you can almost guarantee to get an Abcd person to talk about, it
			is food. Food is very close to most people's hearts
			and there are whole traditions and rules about
			how to prepare food and what ingredients to use
			and so on.
			So to answer your question, what makes a style
			of food popular in a country- I would say that it
			depends upon how educated the national
			population is about food. By this I mean, how
			important is food to the average person? The
			more important food is, perhaps the more
			popular different styles can become.
00.50	Q1 (2)	Examiner	What are the most popular styles of food in your
			country?
00.55		Candidate	Without doubt the most popular styles of food in
			my country are the different regional cuisines.
			People talk about Abcd food, and this is what the
			average person would say to a foreigner when
			asked about their preferred style of food. But I

			think what a lot of people really mean is that they like the regional style of cooking in their home province. Abcd is lucky enough to be a cosmopolitan country covering a diverse area and people have a wide range of traditions across the country, and cooking is one of these traditions. These are all Abcd styles of cooking but they do vary - there is a notable difference between B style food and C style food for example. The average Abcd person understands this and greatly values being able to
01.35	Q1 (3)	Examiner	by sample these different styles. Do you think new styles of food will become popular in the future?
01.40		Candidate	I don't think that non Abcd styles of cooking will ever become more popular than our national cuisines. This because Abcd has such a long culinary tradition dating back many years and people have become very good at preparing food the way people like it in my country. I do think that as the country continues to develop, and as more people have experience of living overseas, there will be a growing interest in different styles of "exotic" foreign food, but this will never become more than a minority interest. It is possible to see this change taking place in the big cities today, with international fast food restaurants springing up in many city centres. These establishments are becoming increasingly popular with average person as they have more disposable income and a desire to explore new things.
02.20	Q2 (1)	Examiner	(Question2) Let's go onto talk about national variations in food styles. Why do you think countries have such different styles of food?
02.30		Candidate	Food is vital part of our society. Without it people cannot survive. So throughout human history, people have paid close attention to food and developed a real interest in refining its preparation. In the past, countries were isolated by geography and distance. It was inevitable that each country would develop their own rich traditions of food preparation. I think this is the reason why now, in the 21st century we can see such a wide variety of

			national food styles.
			•
			As the process of globalization continues it will
			be interesting to see whether this separation of
			food styles continues or whether our national
			food cuisines will become increasingly similar.
03.10	Q2 (2)	Examiner	Is it important to be born in a country to be able to
			cook the national food properly?
03.15		Candidate	I think that inevitably there is a massive
			advantage in being brought up in a country in
			order to be able to prepare the food properly. If a
			person is brought up in a country, then they will
			absorb the culture of that country. This will be
			invaluable in allowing them to go on and
			understand the importance of preparing food in
			certain way.
			I think it is possible to become skilled n
			preparing dishes from other countries, but there
			could be a problem of not fully understanding
			why the food is made in a certain way. Factors
			such as climate and culture play a huge part in
			shaping national food styles.
03.55	Q2 (3)	Examiner	Do you think that there will be only one global style
03.33	Q2 (3)	Examine	of food in the future?
04.00		Candidate	I believe that it is inevitable that there will be
04.00		Canuluate	significant changes in national food styles in the
			coming years. As people travel more and try
			different types of food in different countries, they
			will broaden their tastes. This will lead to
			wanting to try the same food back in their home
			countries which will inevitably lead to either a
			growth in the number of restaurants serving food
			from around the world, or to an increase in the
			mount of home cooking of international dishes.
			These effects will in turn lead to a broadening of
			national tastes in food, as people come to expect
			international food to be part of their diet.
			A classic example of this is the Pizza, originally an
			Italian dish which is now a very well known dish
04.40		Examiner	Italian dish which is now a very well known dish in my country. Thank you. That's the end of the speaking test.

Avoiding Mistakes in Part 3 of the Speaking Test

Part 3 is where your level of English really determines what score you will come out with at the end of the Speaking Test.

Additionally there are **two key things to avoid doing** in the Part 3 of the IELTS Speaking Test. These are:

- 1. Not speaking
- 2. Not trying to answer the question.

Tip: Remember to always listen for the key words in the questions. If you have the key words then you can use one of your prepared answers to help you effectively answer the question.

5. The 10 Key Mistakes Made by IELTS Candidates Taking the IELTS Speaking Exam.

IELTS candidates frequently fail to get the score they require because they make some basic mistakes. Now unless you are an IELTS examiner you cannot not know what these basic mistakes are.

IELTS preparatory course teaches you how to pass the IELTS speaking exam from this perspective. Now, for the first time, you can learn how to pass the IELTS Speaking exam from the perspective of the person who gives out the scores - the IELTS examiner.

Let's take a look at the ten most common and easily solved mistakes made by IELTS candidates taking the IELTS Speaking exam:

	10 Kov mistakos Mada Dv IEI TS Cana	lidates taking the IEI TC Cheeking Test
	Mistake	lidates taking the IELTS Speaking Test Explanation
1.	Being excessively polite	Examiners can become uncomfortable when the candidate is overly respectful.
2.	Thinking that the IELTS Examiner is a stranger to your country.	The Examiner almost certainly lives in the same country as you and has done so for some time.
3.	Not speaking like an individual.	Although it is common to think as part of a group in the most countries, most Examiners come from countries where they expect people to give personal or individual answers to questions.
4.	Being inadvertently racist.	Describing one ethnic/national group as unique and deserving special treatment is offensive to people from many countries.
5.	Trying to befriend the Examiner.	The exam is a formal test. It is unprofessional to try and become friends with the Examiner.
6.	Speaking too quickly.	It is hard to understand somebody who speaks too quickly and it is hard to be accurate when speaking quickly.
7.	Dressing inappropriately.	The IELTS speaking exam is a formal exam. You should dress formally and thereby gain the respect of the Examiner.
8.	Trying to make physical contact.	This is usually through trying to shake hands with the Examiner. It is a formal exam so physical contact between the Candidate and the Examiner is inappropriate and will make the Examiner feel uncomfortable.
9.	Invading the Examiner's personal space.	Most Examiners are from Western Countries where it is important to respect people's personal space which is around a handshake distance from another person (30 cm.) Westerners frequently feel uncomfortable and offended when strangers intrude into this area of space around the Western
10	. Speaking too loudly.	person. Some candidates have been taught to speak loudly in English so as to sound confident. Speaking loudly will offend the Examiner because it is unpleasant to listen to during an interview.

Here are examples of these ten mistakes in Speaking Tests:

10 Key mistakes Made By IELTS Candidates taking the IELTS Speaking Test

Mistake	Example
1. Being excessively polite.	Saying sir or maam, and waiting to be asked to sit down on the chair for the candidate.
2. Thinking that the IELTS Examiner is a stranger to your country.	Saying things such as "Welcome to my country!"
3. Not speaking like an individual	For example answering a question by saying, "Of course I am from ABCD, so I like"
4. Being inadvertently racist.	For example answering a question by saying, "Abcd people are the most hospitable people in the world"
5. Trying to befriend the Examiner.	Trying to find out information about the examiner such as "So your name is?," or "Where are you from?"
6. Speaking too quickly.	The more quickly you speak, the harder it is to maintain accuracy. It also suggests that you are nervous.
7. Dressing inappropriately.	Wearing casual clothes.
8. Trying to make physical contact.	Trying to shake the Examiner's hand.
9. Invading the Examiner's personal space.	Leaning across the interview table towards the Examiner.
10. Speaking too loudly.	Speaking in a loud voice.

And here are the way's to simply avoid these problems:

10 Key mistakes Made By IELTS Candidates taking the IELTS Speaking Test

Mistake	Solution
1. Being excessively polite.	Be polite and respectful, but not excessively so. Say "Hi." instead of "Good morning sir/maam."
2. Thinking that the IELTS Examiner is a stranger to your country.	Showing that you know that the examiner is familiar with your country by saying "In my country as I am sure that you are aware"
3.Not speaking like an individual	When giving your own opinion say: "In my personal opinion"
4. Being inadvertently racist.	Recognizing that there are many different types of people in the world and that no one country or ethnic group can be the best at anything. So saying something such as the following would be acceptable: "My people have a reputation for being very hospitable"
5. Trying to befriend the Examiner.	Be polite and smile only.
6. Speaking too quickly.	Slow your speech down. You will have more control over the language and so will get a higher score.
7. Dressing inappropriately.	Dress like you were going to a job interview.
8. Trying to make physical contact.	Avoid it unless the examiner chooses to shake your hand. Then it is up to you.
9. Invading the Examiner's personal space.	Use the interview table between yourself and the Examiner as the correct distance to keep between yourself and the Examiner
10. Speaking too loudly.	Speak as you would normally in a conversation.
3	6

Key Vocabulary and Phrases that Will Raise your Band Score.

The Speaking Test assesses how well you can express yourself in the English language over a short period of time using <u>predictable</u> patterns of questions and answers.

After having read this book on how to pass the IELTS Speaking exam, you should memorise this list of key vocabulary and phrases that, if mastered, will impress the Examiner into raising your band score.

Then you need to practice either speaking the answers by standing in front of the mirror, or preferably do a practice speaking test with a native English speaker.

Good luck!

	Key Vocabulary for Food			
Key Vocabulary	Similar word or Phrase	Example		
Dish	Food	Pasta is a national <i>dish</i> of Italy		
Style	Туре	Satay cooking is a style of Indonesian food.		
Cuisine	Food type	Thai cuisine is different to Japanese Cuisine.		
Nutritious	Healthy	Salad is a nutritious meal.		

	Key Vocabulary for Sport			
Key	Similar	Example		
Vocabulary	word or			
	Phrase			
Fitness	health	I do sport to improve my fitness.		
Fitness	Fitness	I run every morning as a part of my fitness regime.		
Regime	schedule			
Frequency	How often	I need to increase the <i>frequency</i> of running in my fitness		
	you do	regime.		
	something			

	Key Vocabulary for Travel			
Key	Similar	Example		
Vocabulary	word or			
	Phrase			
Activity-	varied	I like to go on activity-filled holidays		
filled				
Excursion	Trip	I like day excursions to new places.		
Destination	Holiday	I went on an excursion to a new destination		
	place			
Exotic	Unusual	I want to go to an exotic destination like Tahiti.		

	Key Vocabulary for Music		
Key Vocabulary	Similar word or Phrase	Example	
Soothing	Relaxing	I like soothing music	
Easy- listening	Relaxing	I listen to easy- listening music	
Energetic	Lively	When I am in the gym I listen to energetic music.	

Key Vocabulary for Transport		
Key	Similar	Example
Vocabulary	word or	
	Phrase	
Efficient	Easy	Cycling is an efficient way for me to get to university
convenient	Easy	Flying is a convenient way to travel.
Luxurious	Pleasurable	Travelling by helicopter is a very luxurious way to travel

Key Vocabulary for Everyday Living		
Key	Similar	Example
Vocabulary	word or	
	Phrase	
Routine	Schedule	I have a daily <i>routine</i> .
Socialize	Meet	I like to <i>socialize</i> in the evenings.
	Friends	
Studious	Concentrate	I am a studious person, so I prefer to stay in and study in the
	on study	evening.

Key Vocabulary for Sport		
Key	Similar	Example
Vocabulary	word or	
	Phrase	
Fitness	health	I do sport to improve my fitness
Fitness	Fitness	I run every morning as a part of my fitness regime.
Regime	schedule	
Frequency	How often	I need to increase the <i>frequency</i> of running in my fitness
	you do	regime.
	something	
train	Practise at	I train two times a day.
	sport	

	Key Vocabulary for Computers		
Key	Similar	Example	
Vocabulary	word or		
	Phrase		
software	Computer	I learnt how to use computer <i>software</i> at high school	
	programme		
On-line	Being	I am always <i>on-line</i> when I use my computer.	
	connected to		
	the internet		
Application	Computer	I like to use computer <i>applications</i> to chat on-line.	
	programme		

	Key Vocabulary for Communication			
Key Vocabulary	Similar word	Example		
	or Phrase			
Communication	Machine to	My favourite <i>communication tool</i> is the mobile phone.		
tool	talk with			
	people			
Interaction	То	My favourite leisure activity is to interact with other		
	communicate	people.		
	with other			
	people			
Connect	To	Being on-line allows me to <i>connect</i> with my friends and		
	communicate	family in other countries.		
	with other			
	people			

Key Vocabulary for Reading		
Key	Similar	Example
Vocabulary	word or	
	Phrase	
Publication	Magazine	ABC weekly is a famous publication
Article	Story	There are a lot of interesting articles in the newspaper.
Journalist	Writer	This newspaper has good journalists writing for it

	Key Vocabulary for Films		
Key	Similar	Example	
Vocabulary	word or		
	Phrase		
Action-	Full of	I like watching <i>action-packed</i> movies	
packed	action		
Action-hero	Main actor	Sylvester Stallone is a famous action-hero.	
	in an action		
	movie		
Character	Fictional	I like the <i>character</i> of Joe.	
	person		

Key Vocabulary for Shopping		
Key	Similar	Example
Vocabulary	word or	
	Phrase	
Compulsive	Have to do	I am a <i>compulsive</i> shopper.
	something	
Contemporary	now	I like to buy <i>contemporary</i> clothes.
Brand -new	Very new	I like to have things that are brand-new.

	Key Vocabulary for Being a Student		
Key	Similar	Example	
Vocabulary	word or		
	Phrase		
challenging	Hard work	My university course is very challenging	
	but		
	enjoyable		
Time-	Takes a lot	My studies are very time-consuming	
consuming	of time		
Future goal	What you	My future goal is to become a business person	
	want to do		
	in the future		

	Key Vocabulary for having a job		
Key	Similar	Example	
Vocabulary	word or		
	Phrase		
Self-starter	Works	I am a self-starter so I don't need a manager.	
	without		
	being told to		
Demanding	Asks for a	My job is very <i>demanding</i> .	
	lot		
Career-	What do you	My career-ambition is to become the chief executive of the	
ambition	want to do	company.	
	in the future		
	with your		
	working life		