

EU Arctic Footprint and Policy Assessment

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Europe's Arctic Course European Space Agency Paris, 8. December 2010













Outline

- Policy context and project overview
- Methodology
- EU's footprint in 9 policy issue areas
- Data initiatives and opportunities







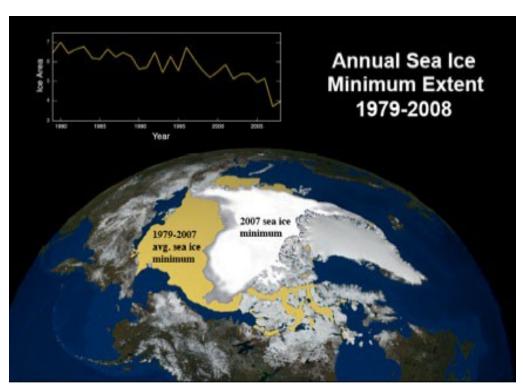








Policy context



www.climate.nasa.gov













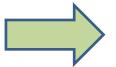


Project overview

EU's Footprint



Policy Analysis



Policy Options

Future Scenarios (up to 2030)















Policy issue areas

- Biodiversity
- Chemicals and transboundary pollution
- Climate change
- Energy
- Fisheries
- Forestry
- Tourism
- Transport
- Arctic indigenous and local livelihoods







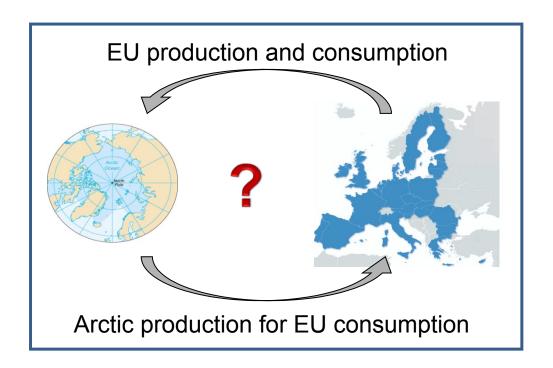






www.ecologic.eu

Footprint methodology













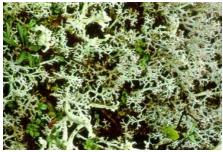




Biodiversity







http://www.arcticice.org/plants.htm





http://akcenter.org

Biodiversity loss from other impact areas:

- Tourism and shipping
- GHG emissions and transboundary pollutants
- Resource extraction













17%

24%

Chemicals and transboundary pollution

POPs

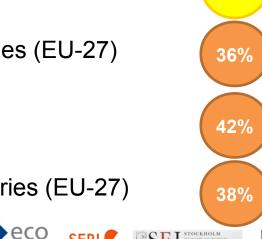
- PCB-153 emissions (Europe)
- BFRs market demand (Europe)

Heavy metals

- Mercury emissions (EU-27)
- Products from Hg-intensive Arctic industries (EU-27)

Acidifying gases

- SO₂ emissions (EU-27)
- Products from SO₂-intensive Arctic industries (EU-27)















Climate change

Greenhouse gases (EU-27)

- Production
- Consumption >20%

Black carbon (European continent)

















Energy

Arctic oil and gas industry (EU-27)

 total output of the Arctic's oil and gas industry, including pipeline transportation



Arctic infrastructure-intensive industries (EU-27)

 share of Arctic exports from selected industries: oil, gas, diamond and metal extraction















Fisheries

Arctic fish capture production (EU-27)

Norway (33%) and Iceland (30%) make up for most of total Arctic fish capture production



Fish imports from Arctic countries (EU-27)

Fish imports from selected Arctic countries (Canada, Iceland, Norway, Russia, and USA) as a share of the total fish exports of these countries









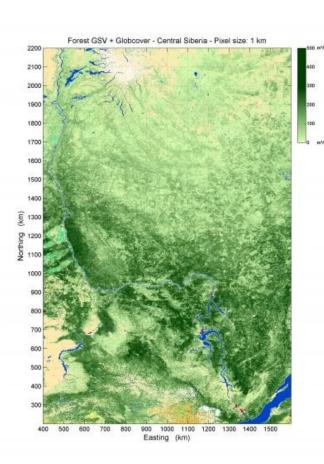






Forestry





Credit: ESA, Gamma Remote Sensing, Friedrich-Schiller University Jena













Tourism

Tourists in the Arctic (EU-27)



















Transport (Shipping)



















Arctic indigenous and local livelihoods





http://nomenugget.net/













Data initiatives and suggested focus areas

Data initiatives:

- Global Monitoring for Environment and Security (GMES) (5 Sentinel missions) + In situ observation
- ESA Earth Explorer missions ('Core' and 'Opportunity' missions)
- Sustaining Arctic Observing Networks (SAON)
- Arctic Council's Task Force on Short-Lived Climate Forcers

> Suggested focus areas:

- Climate variables (e.g. permafrost, sea ice, forest fires)
- Pollutants (e.g. black carbon, methane, tropospheric ozone, ship NO₂ emissions)
- Emergency services (e.g. iceberg detection, oil spill response)

























