

#### **Sample Exam Questions**

#### Core Unit 3 -Running a Workplace Pension Scheme

#### Instructions:

- This is only a sample paper and therefore consists of 30 multiple-choice questions.
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#### 1. In a trust-based workplace pension scheme, the data controller is:

- o A) The trustees
- o B) The administrator
- o C) The employer
- o D) The provider of the scheme's administration system software

## 2. Middleware in pension systems is primarily used to:

- o A) Directly manage member investments
- o B) Automate data exchange between payroll and pension systems
- o C) Increase employer contributions automatically
- o D) Restrict pension payments to active members

#### 3. The main advantage of real-time data access for pension members is that it:

- o A) Allows immediate updates and transparency for members
- o B) Reduces the frequency of pension reports
- o C) Lowers employer contributions
- o D) Simplifies administrator duties exclusively

#### 4. "Straight Through Processing" primarily benefits pension schemes by:

- o A) Eliminating fees for transactions
- o B) Providing a platform for processing employer contributions
- o C) Maximizing pension fund returns
- o D) Reducing human error in data processing

### 5. The term "staging date" in relation to automatic enrolment refers to:

- o A) When a new employee becomes eligible for enrolment
- o B) The employer's official start date for automatic enrolment duties
- o C) The date members start receiving retirement benefits
- o D) The date the scheme reaches a specific size threshold



#### 6. Automatic enrolment legislation, Entitled Workers are:

- o A) Automatically enrolled into a qualifying scheme
- o B) Given the opportunity to opt into a qualifying pension scheme
- o C) Automatically enrolled into a separate non-qualifying scheme
- o D) Only entitled to join a scheme at the discretion of the employer

## 7. The Pensions Regulator's Single Code of Practice introduced new requirements for trustees to:

- o A) Ensure at least one third of the trustee body be member-nominated
- o B) Report material contribution payment failures
- o C) Establish and maintain an effective system of governance
- o D) Establish legally compliant internal controls

# 8. The options available to an active member who leaves pensionable service in a DB scheme after 3 years' pensionable service include:

- o A) A deferred benefit, payable on attaining their normal pension age
- o B) A deferred benefit, payable immediately
- o C) A refund of any contributions they have paid to the scheme
- o D) A transfer to another pension arrangement provided the option to transfer is taken up by the member within 3 months of leaving the scheme

# 9. Under the Occupational Pension Schemes (Preservation of Benefits) Regulations 1991/167, for members of a DB scheme who leave pensionable service:

- o A) A statement of their transfer value must be automatically provided
- o B) Any GMP benefits must be revalued at a fixed rate per annum
- o C) Benefits in excess of GMP must be revalued using the Consumer Price Index
- D) Details of their rights and options under the Scheme must be provided within 2 months

# 10. When deferred benefits are transferred to a Qualified Recognised Overseas Pension Scheme (QROPS):

- o A) The transfer is made on a discretionary basis
- o B) An Overseas Transfer Charge is applied to the full transfer value
- o C) The member has a statutory right to transfer their benefits



 D) The amount of the transfer value must not exceed the member's Overseas Transfer Allowance

# 11. The Pensions Regulator gathers information about benefits transferred out of schemes through:

- o A) The Scheme Return
- o B) An Event Report
- o C) An Accounting for Tax Return
- o D) Notifications from the Scheme Administrator

# 12. In a Defined Contribution (DC) scheme, the final value of the member's pension fund at retirement depends on:

- o A) The member's age and the cost of purchasing an annuity
- o B) The contributions paid in and the fund's investment performance
- o C) A pre-determined formula relating to length of service and salary
- o D) The retirement option the member selects at retirement

### 13. Which of the following retirement options does not attract the payment of tax?

- o A) Uncrystallised Funds Pension Lum Sum
- o B) Flexi-access Drawdown
- o C) Pension Commencement Lump Sum
- o D) Trivial Commutation Lump Sum

#### 14. The benefits due on the death of a member in retirement are always paid:

- o A) In accordance with the Scheme Rules
- o B) To the member's next of kin
- o C) To recipients selected at the discretion of the trustees
- o D) To the person(s) nominated by the deceased member

#### 15. Pension sharing on divorce was introduced by:

- o A) The Pensions Act 1995
- o B) The Pensions Regulator
- o C) The Welfare Reform and Pensions Act 1999
- o D) HMRC



# 16. Reporting material breaches of law of material significance to the Pensions Regulator is a primary function of which trustee-appointed adviser:

- o A) Scheme Actuary
- o B) Legal Adviser
- o C) Investment Consultant
- o D) Auditor

### 17. Benefit Statements must be provided to members of DC schemes:

- o A) Automatically, within a reasonable period after the scheme year end
- o B) Automatically within 12 months of the scheme year end
- o C) Only upon request from a member, within 3 months of the request
- o D) Only upon request from a member, within 31 days of the request

#### 18. The Annual Allowance is the upper threshold, in a tax year for;

- o A) The amount of new pension savings an individual can accrue
- o B) The amount of tax relief an individual can receive
- o C) The amount an employer can pay into an employee's pension scheme
- o D) The amount of Additional Voluntary Contributions a member can pay

### 19. Under a "Voluntary Scheme Pays" arrangement:

- o A) Both the Scheme Administrator and the member have a joint and several liability for the Annual allowance tax charge
- o B) The member has satisfied all of the conditions required to have the scheme pay the tax charge
- o C) The liability for the Annual allowance tax charge remains solely with the member
- o D) Both the standard Annual Allowance & Tapered Annual Allowance are tested

# 20. With effect from 6 April 2024, which of the following benefits is considered to be a Relevant Benefit Crystallisation Event:

- o A) Annual pension paid at Normal Retirement Age
- o B) Transfer of benefits to another pension arrangement
- o C) Pension Commencement Lump Sum



- o D) Payment of a spouse pension upon the death of a member
- 21. An individual who wanted to protect accrued benefits of £1.5m as at 5 April 2014 and continue to accrue DB benefits or pay DC contributions could apply for:
  - o A) Enhanced Protection
  - o B) Individual Protection 2014
  - o C) Primary Protection
  - o D) Fixed Protection 2014
- 22. The requirement for trustees of occupational pension schemes to open and maintain a trustee bank account is:
  - o A) Imposed by the Scheme Auditor
  - o B) To enable the Scheme administrator to pay benefits
  - o C) Mandated by the Pensions Regulator
  - o D) A statutory requirement
- 23. Circumstances where a failure to pay contributions to the trustee bank account within the agreed timescales is not deemed to be of material significance include:
  - o A) Contributions were paid 30 days after the deadline for payment
  - o B) The failure to pay involves a misuse of contributions
  - o C) Contributions have been outstanding for 90 days or more
  - D) There is reasonable cause to believe the employer is not willing to pay the contributions
- 24. A Statement of Recommended Practice is not required for:
  - o A) Fully insured schemes
  - o B) Schemes in wind up
  - o C) Occupational DB and DC schemes
  - o D) Unfunded Schemes
- 25. Pension benefits which are not subject to statutory minimum increases once in payment include:
  - o A) Pension in excess of GMP accrued between 6 April 1997 & 5 April 2005



- B) Pension in excess of GMP accrued prior to 6 April 1997
- o C) Pension in excess of GMP accrued after 5 April 2005
- o D) GMP benefits accrued between 6 April 1988 and 5 April 1997

#### 26. Trustees have a duty to recover benefits overpaid to beneficiaries because:

- o A) Their legal advisers will advise them to do so
- o B) HMRC regulations require them to do so
- o C) They must act in the best interests of all members
- o D) The overpayment was identified more than six years ago

#### 27. If an employee is transferred overseas for a period of less than 5 years:

- o A) They cannot remain a member of a UK pension scheme
- B) They can continue to make contributions to a UK scheme but do not qualify for tax relief on the contributions
- o C) There are no changes to the tax treatment as they will return to the UK
- D) They can continue to contribute to the scheme but can only receive tax relief is they meet the definition of a "relevant UK individual" for tax purposes

### 28. A notice of wind up sent to members by the trustees would not typically include:

- o A) A name and address for further enquiries
- o B) A statement to active members regarding the continuation of death benefits
- o C) The reasons the scheme is being wound up
- o D) The estimated date when final details of members' benefits will be known

# 29. Since 6 April 2005, the protection of members' benefits in defined benefit schemes where the sponsoring employer becomes insolvent is provided by:

- o A) Pension in excess of GMP accrued between 6 April 1997 & 5 April 2005
- o B) The Pensions Regulator
- o C) Pension in excess of GMP accrued after 5 April 2005
- o D) The Pensions Ombudsman

#### 30. Which of the following is true in relation the Equalisation of GMPs:

 A) Trustees can choose the method of equalisation most appropriate for their scheme



- B) Trustees must obtain the consent of the employer regardless of the method of equalisation they choose
- o C) Interest must be applied where benefits are uplifted as a result of equalisation
- D) The Pensions Regulator has issued guidance on rectification, data, method and member communications

### ANSWER KEY

### 1. 1.In a trust-based workplace pension scheme, the data controller is:

- a. A) The trustees
- b. B) The administrator
- c. C) The employer
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#### Answer: A

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#### Answer: B

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#### Answer: A

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#### **Answer**: D

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Answer: B

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  Answer: B

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- d. D) Establish legally compliant internal controls

Answer: C

# 8. The options available to an active member who leaves pensionable service in a DB scheme after 3 years' pensionable service include:

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Answer: A

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d. D) Details of their rights and options under the Scheme must be provided within 2 months

Answer: D

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Answer: C

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**Answer**: C

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**Answer**: D

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Answer: A

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Answer: D

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Answer: D

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  Answer: C

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d. D) The Pensions Regulator has issued guidance on rectification, data, method and member communications

Answer: A