

1 Convert each of the following to radians:

**a**  $120^\circ$     **b**  $135^\circ$     **c**  $225^\circ$

2 Convert each of the following to degrees:

**a**  $\frac{13\pi}{4}$     **b**  $\frac{23\pi}{9}$     **c**  $\frac{31\pi}{4}$

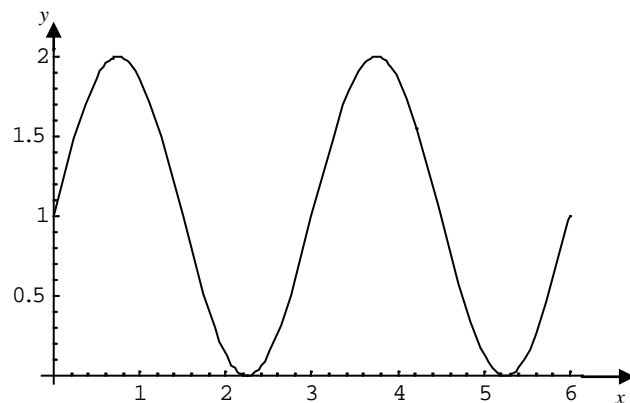
3 Write down the period, amplitude and range of each of the following:

**a**  $f(t) = 3 \sin(\pi t)$

**b**  $f(t) = 5 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{3}\right) + 6$

**c**  $f(x) = -5 \sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{5}\right) - 7$

4 The graph shown has rule  $y = \sin(nx) + c$ . Find the values of  $n$  and  $c$ .



5 Solve each of the following equations for  $x$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ .

**a**  $\sin\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0.5$

**b**  $\cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$

**c**  $\tan(2x) = 1$

6 Solve the equation  $2 \sin(2\pi x) = -1$  for  $x \in [0, 2]$ .

7 Find the general solution to each of the following equations.

**a**  $\sin(x) = \frac{1}{2}$

*Cambridge Senior Mathematics for the Australian Curriculum/VCE*

Chapter 14 Circular functions: **Assignment**

**b**  $2 \cos(x) = \sqrt{2}$