

1 Simplify the following:

a $\frac{8!}{6!}$

b $\frac{10!}{7!}$

c $\frac{(n+2)!}{n!}$

d ${}^{10}C_3$

e ${}^{n+2}C_{n+1}$

2 Simplify the following by factorising the numerator and denominator:

$$\frac{(n+2)! + (n+1)!}{(n+1)! + n!}$$

3 In how many ways can six books be arranged on a shelf?

4 Five students are to be arranged on a bench with space for three. How many ways can this be done?

5 How many ways can the five digits 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 be arranged without repetition and using all digits if:

- a** there is no restriction
- b** the resulting number is odd
- c** the odd numbers are kept together
- d** the numbers 1 and 2 are not next to one another
- e** the resulting number is even and less than 40 000?

6 How many different groups of three students can be selected from a group of eight if

- a** there are no restrictions
- b** the oldest student must be selected
- c** the oldest and youngest cannot both be selected?

7 Find positive integer k if ${}^k C_{k-4} = 2 \times {}^{k-1} C_4$.

- 8** Using the digits 1,2,3,4,5 and 6 as many times as you like, how many three-digit numbers can you form where one digit is the product of the other two digits.
- 9** Find the number of arrangements in the word SASSAFRAS.
- 10** Using four red and four blue flags, how many different signals can be made by lining four flags in a row.
- 11** A bag contains ninety-nine balls numbered from 1 to 99. How many balls must be randomly selected without replacement to guarantee that:
- a** at least two balls will leave the same remainder when divided by 3
 - b** at least three balls will have the same units digit.
 - c** the two numbers of some pair of balls will have a sum of 100.
 - d** the two numbers of some pair of balls will have a sum of 30.