

## Irrational numbers

1 State which of the following are rational or irrational:

a  $\sqrt{25}$

b  $\sqrt{361}$

c  $\sqrt{33}$

d  $\sqrt[3]{64}$

e  $\sqrt[3]{47}$

f  $\sqrt[3]{125}$

g  $\sqrt[3]{1000}$

h  $\sqrt[3]{1729}$

2 Evaluate the following, rounding your answers to two decimal places where necessary:

a  $\sqrt{25}$

b  $\sqrt[3]{64}$

c  $\sqrt{33}$

d  $\sqrt[3]{26}$

e  $\sqrt{121}$

f  $\sqrt[3]{216}$

g  $\sqrt{83}$

h  $\sqrt[3]{52}$

3 Is  $\sqrt{15}$  an integer?

4 Determine whether each of the following numbers is a surd:

a  $\sqrt{2}$

b  $\sqrt{1}$

c  $\sqrt{50}$

d  $\sqrt[3]{27}$

e  $\sqrt[3]{9}$

f  $\sqrt[3]{8}$

g  $\sqrt{80}$

h  $\sqrt{144}$

## Simplifying surds

7 Are the following expressions written in their simplest surd form?:

a  $\sqrt{17}$

b  $\sqrt{14}$

c  $\sqrt{50}$

d  $5\sqrt{50}$

e  $7\sqrt{125}$

f  $11\sqrt{21}$

g  $\sqrt{63}$

h  $\sqrt{112}$

8 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{180}$

b  $\sqrt{125}$

c  $3\sqrt{54}$

d  $7\sqrt{32}$

e  $6\sqrt{100}$

f  $\sqrt{25 \times 6}$

g  $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{8 \times 6}$

h  $\sqrt[3]{24 \times 9}$

9 Simplify the following:

a  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{25}}$

b  $\frac{16}{\sqrt{16}}$

c  $\frac{\sqrt{64}}{8}$

d  $\frac{36}{\sqrt[3]{216}}$

## Equivalent surd expressions

1 State whether the following equations are true or false:

a  $\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{16}$

b  $\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4} = 4$

c  $5 - \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$

d  $\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{25}$

e  $\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{9} = 7$

f  $\sqrt{32} + \sqrt{2} = 5\sqrt{2}$

g  $\sqrt{25} - \sqrt{9} = \sqrt{16}$

h  $\sqrt{100} - \sqrt{64} = 2$

3 Simplify the following:

a  $10\sqrt{2} + 14\sqrt{2}$

b  $\sqrt{6} + 14\sqrt{6}$

c  $\sqrt{10} - 20\sqrt{10}$

d  $12\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2}$

e  $4\sqrt{3} - 12\sqrt{3}$

f  $18\sqrt{5} - 15\sqrt{5}$

g  $6\sqrt{7} - 8\sqrt{7}$

h  $6\sqrt{2} + 13\sqrt{2}$

4 Simplify the following:

a  $5\sqrt{5} + 9\sqrt{5} - 7\sqrt{5}$

b  $10\sqrt{6} - 3\sqrt{6} + 20\sqrt{6}$

c  $7\sqrt{6} + 18\sqrt{6} - 9\sqrt{6}$

d  $19\sqrt{6} - 4\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{6}$

e  $8\sqrt{5} - 9\sqrt{5} - 14\sqrt{5}$

f  $18\sqrt{10} - 9\sqrt{10} - 7\sqrt{10}$

5 Simplify the following:

a  $8\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{11} + 2\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{11}$

b  $10\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{2} - 7\sqrt{3}$

c  $6\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{5} - 3\sqrt{7} + 8\sqrt{5}$

d  $18\sqrt{7} - 9\sqrt{3} + 20\sqrt{7} + 11\sqrt{3}$

e  $20\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{7} + 25\sqrt{11}$

f  $7\sqrt{11} + 28\sqrt{5} - 25\sqrt{11} - 11\sqrt{5}$

g  $20\sqrt{11} + 26\sqrt{5} + 22\sqrt{5} - 15\sqrt{11}$

6 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{48}$

b  $\sqrt{180} + \sqrt{5}$

c  $\sqrt{45} + \sqrt{80}$

d  $\sqrt{245} - \sqrt{5}$

e  $\sqrt{48} - \sqrt{12}$

f  $3\sqrt{27} + 2\sqrt{12}$

g  $3\sqrt{192} - 2\sqrt{108}$

h  $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$

## Multiplication

1 Are the following statements true or false?

a  $\sqrt{8^2} = (\sqrt{8})^2$

b  $\sqrt{5^2} = (\sqrt{5 \times 5})^2$

c  $\sqrt{2^2} = \sqrt{2+2}$

d  $\sqrt{8^2} = \sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{4}$

2 Complete the following statements by following the example:

$$\sqrt{9 \times 4} = \sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{4} = 3 \times 2 = 6$$

a  $\sqrt{36 \times 25} = \sqrt{\square} \times \sqrt{\square} = \square \times \square = \square$

b  $\sqrt{9 \times 11} = \sqrt{\square} \times \sqrt{\square} = \square\sqrt{\square}$

c  $\sqrt{49 \times 5} = \sqrt{\square} \times \sqrt{\square} = \square\sqrt{\square}$

d  $\sqrt{64 \times 3} = \sqrt{\square} \times \sqrt{\square} = \square\sqrt{\square}$

3 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{75}$

b  $\sqrt{19} \times \sqrt{17}$

c  $(6\sqrt{8})^2$

d  $(6\sqrt{3})^2$

4 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{7}$

b  $8 \times 10\sqrt{5}$

c  $\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{11}$

d  $\sqrt{55} \times \sqrt{11}$

e  $4\sqrt{11} \times 5$

f  $2\sqrt{5} \times 15\sqrt{11}$

g  $7\sqrt{22} \times \sqrt{2}$

h  $\sqrt{180} \times \sqrt{48}$

i  $8\sqrt{15} \times 8\sqrt{5}$

j  $5\sqrt{17} \times 8\sqrt{3}$

k  $17\sqrt{35} \times 4\sqrt{5}$

l  $8\sqrt{51} \times 9\sqrt{3}$

5 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{11}(\sqrt{7} + 4)$

b  $\sqrt{7}(3 + \sqrt{3})$

c  $\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{11} - 6)$

d  $3\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{13} - 5)$

e  $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{13})$

f  $4\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{11})$

g  $3\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{55} + \sqrt{11})$

h  $8\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{7})$

6 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{15} \div \sqrt{5}$

b  $\sqrt{55} \div \sqrt{5}$

c  $\sqrt{51} \div \sqrt{17}$

d  $\sqrt{21} \div \sqrt{3}$

e  $\sqrt{91} \div \sqrt{7}$

f  $40\sqrt{7} \div 8$

g  $10\sqrt{55} \div \sqrt{11}$

h  $15\sqrt{22} \div \sqrt{11}$

i  $4\sqrt{35} \div 2\sqrt{5}$

j  $\sqrt{27} \div \sqrt{3}$

k  $3\sqrt{20} \div \sqrt{5}$

l  $5\sqrt{8} \div \sqrt{2}$

m  $40\sqrt{96} \div 10\sqrt{6}$

n  $50\sqrt{24} \div 10\sqrt{6}$

o  $\sqrt{25} \div \sqrt{81}$

p  $\sqrt{162} \div \sqrt{8}$

7 Simplify the following:

a  $\sqrt{\frac{28}{7}}$

b  $\sqrt{\frac{9}{45}}$

c  $\sqrt{\frac{64}{4}}$

d  $\sqrt{\frac{48}{144}}$

e  $\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{36}}$

f  $\frac{\sqrt{56}}{\sqrt{14}}$

g  $\frac{\sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{81}}$

h  $\frac{\sqrt{72}}{\sqrt{32}}$

## Binomial products

1 Expand the following brackets:

a  $(5 - \sqrt{13})(5 + \sqrt{13})$

c  $(8\sqrt{5} - 6)(8\sqrt{5} + 6)$

e  $(7\sqrt{11} - \sqrt{7})(7\sqrt{11} + \sqrt{7})$

b  $(\sqrt{11} - 11)(\sqrt{11} + 11)$

d  $(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})$

f  $(5\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{5})(5\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{5})$

2 Expand the following brackets:

a  $(\sqrt{3} - 13)^2$

c  $(3\sqrt{3} + 8)^2$

e  $(3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{13})^2$

b  $(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{3})^2$

d  $(4\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{13})^2$

f  $(5\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{32})^2$

3 Expand the following brackets:

a  $(\sqrt{11} + 10)(\sqrt{3} - 9)$

c  $(11\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7})(13\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{5})$

e  $(17\sqrt{3} - 8\sqrt{8})(\sqrt{24} - \sqrt{5})$

b  $(\sqrt{11} - \sqrt{13})(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})$

d  $(4\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{7})(3\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{8})$

f  $(\sqrt{90} - 7\sqrt{7})(\sqrt{72} - 6\sqrt{5})$

## Equivalent expressions

4 Consider the following equation:

$$(3\sqrt{35} - 2\sqrt{7})^2 = x - y\sqrt{5}$$

- a Expand and simplify the left hand side of the equation.  
b State the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .

5 Consider the following equation:

$$(\sqrt{m} + n)^2 = 16 + 6\sqrt{7}$$

- a Expand and simplify the left hand side of the equation.  
b State the values of  $m$  and  $n$ .

## Conjugates

1 Find the conjugate of each of the following:

a  $5 + \sqrt{5}$

b  $6 - \sqrt{v}$

c  $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$

d  $\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{5}$

e  $\sqrt{5} + y$

f  $2 - 9\sqrt{3}$

g  $3 + 6\sqrt{8}$

h  $7 - 2\sqrt{9}$

i  $3\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{3}$

j  $9\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{r}$

k  $4\sqrt{s} + 8\sqrt{t}$

l  $2\sqrt{w} - 9\sqrt{x}$

## Rationalise monomial denominators

3 Evaluate the following:

a  $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{10}) \times (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{10})$

b  $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{10}) \times (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{10})$

c  $(-(\sqrt{3} + 5)) \times \sqrt{3}$

d  $(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{12}) \times (\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12})$

e  $(-2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12}) \times \sqrt{12}$

f  $(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12}) \times (5\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{12})$

4 Rationalise the denominator of the given expressions. Express your answer in simplest surd form:

a  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}$

b  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}$

c  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}$

d  $\frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{2}}$

e  $\frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{7}}$

f  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{30}}$

g  $\frac{4\sqrt{30}}{\sqrt{6}}$

h  $\frac{11\sqrt{7}}{13\sqrt{3}}$

i  $\frac{6\sqrt{22}}{5\sqrt{11}}$

j  $\frac{14\sqrt{10}}{6\sqrt{5}}$

k  $\frac{8\sqrt{32}}{20\sqrt{7}}$

l  $\frac{15\sqrt{18}}{19\sqrt{8}}$

5 Rationalise the denominator of the given expressions. Express your answer in simplest surd form:

a  $\frac{\sqrt{5} + 9}{\sqrt{7}}$

b  $\frac{\sqrt{5} + 3}{\sqrt{5}}$

c  $\frac{4 - \sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{10}}$

d  $\frac{\sqrt{7} - 3}{\sqrt{3}}$

e  $\frac{10\sqrt{2} + 7}{\sqrt{11}}$

f  $\frac{15 - 2\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$

g  $\frac{3\sqrt{5} + 12}{\sqrt{20}}$

h  $\frac{6\sqrt{14} - 11}{\sqrt{5}}$

i  $\frac{\sqrt{39} + \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}}$

j  $\frac{\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{15}}$

k  $\frac{6\sqrt{2} + 10\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{12}}$

l  $\frac{-20\sqrt{5} + 7\sqrt{11}}{\sqrt{6}}$

6 Rationalise the denominator of each fraction and then find the sum. Express your answer in simplest surd form:

a  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}}$

b  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}$

c  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

d  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$

e  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{14}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{7}}$

f  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}}$

g  $\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{22}}$

h  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{7}} + \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}}$

## Index laws

1 Write the following expressions in simplest index form:

a  $2^{12} \times 2^9$

b  $2^8 \times 11^8$

c  $11^{12} \div 11^8$

d  $21^5 \div 3^5$

e  $(5^{12})^4$

f  $15^{17} \div 15^8 \div 15^5$

g  $(23^8)^9 \times 23^7$

h  $\frac{(17^5)^8}{17^{32}}$

i  $\frac{19^9 \times 19^4}{19^8}$

j  $\frac{12^6}{12^4} \times 12^5$

k  $\frac{(13^5)^2 \times 13^3}{13^5}$

l  $\frac{(15^9)^5 \times 15^7}{15^{25}}$

3 Evaluate the following expressions:

a  $6^5 \times 6^3$

b  $7^3 \times 3^3$

c  $4^8 \div 4^3$

d  $(5^4)^2$

e  $35^5 \div 5^5$

f  $2^4 \times 4^4$

g  $11^{18} \div 11^9 \div 11^7$

h  $(3^3)^2$

i  $\frac{6^5 \times 6^9}{6^{12}}$

j  $7^{27} \div 7^{30} \div 7^3$

k  $\frac{12^{10} \times 12^4}{12^{11}}$

l  $\frac{(6^8)^6}{6^{46}}$

## Negative bases

4 Write the following expressions in simplest index form:

a  $(-11)^{10} \times (-11)^3$

b  $(-7)^8 \times 3^8$

c  $(-5)^2 \times 3^2$

d  $(-3)^{12} \div (-3)^5$

e  $(-12)^{20} \div (-12)^{19}$

f  $(-30)^{50} \div (-30)^{47}$

g  $(-48)^3 \div (-6)^3$

h  $(-33)^{11} \div (-3)^{11}$

i  $(-35)^5 \div 5^5$

j  $(-42)^2 \div 7^2$

6 Evaluate the following expressions:

a  $(-4)^{11} \div (-4)^7$

b  $(-2)^3 \times (-2)^3$

c  $(-3)^3 \times (-3)^2$

d  $4^3 \times (-5)^3$

e  $(-3)^8 \div (-3)^5$

f  $15^5 \div (-3)^5$

g  $2^3 \times (-3)^3$

h  $(-14)^{11} \div 2^{11}$

i  $(-7)^2 \times 5^2$

j  $(-9)^4 \times (-3)^4$

k  $(-100)^6 \div 50^6$

l  $60^3 \div (-3)^3$

## Fractional bases

7 Write the following in simplest index form:

a  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^4$

b  $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^3$

c  $\left(\frac{4}{16}\right)^8$

d  $\left(\frac{15}{6}\right)^2$

e  $\left(\frac{10}{33}\right)^5$

f  $\left(\frac{2}{35}\right)^6$

g  $\left(\frac{5}{18}\right)^3$

h  $\left(\frac{29}{41}\right)^7$

i  $\left(\frac{11}{13}\right)^9$

j  $\left(\frac{20}{3}\right)^2$

k  $\left(\frac{17}{4}\right)^4$

l  $\left(\frac{31}{50}\right)^5$

 2 Evaluate the following expressions:

a  $6^0$

b  $3^3 \times 3^0$

c  $7^2 \div 7^2$

d  $(6 \times 19)^0$

e  $(-3)^0$

f  $-4^0$

g  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^0$

h  $7(14 \times 18)^0$

## Negative indices

4 Consider the following expressions:

i Identify the base.

ii Identify the power.

a  $10^{-7}$

b  $2^{-4}$

c  $13^{-10}$

d  $(-5)^{-8}$

5 Complete the following tables:

a

$2^5$	$2^4$	$2^3$	$2^2$	$2^1$	$2^0$	$2^{-1}$
32	16					

b

$10^5$	$10^4$	$10^3$	$10^2$	$10^1$	$10^0$	$10^{-1}$
100 000	10 000					

6 Express the following expressions with a positive index:

a  $6^{-10}$

b  $73^{-14}$

c  $(-9)^{-7}$

d  $9^{-1}$

e  $17^{-6}$

f  $55^{-1}$

g  $(-12)^{-8}$

h  $-45^{-5}$

i  $-8^{-11}$

j  $(-20)^{-3}$

k  $7^{-6}$

l  $(-5)^{-1}$

7 Express the following expressions with a negative index:

a  $\frac{1}{3}$

b  $\frac{1}{37}$

c  $\frac{1}{5}$

d  $\frac{1}{4^7}$

e  $\frac{1}{-15^3}$

f  $\frac{1}{10^5}$

g  $\frac{1}{(-24)^{10}}$

h  $\frac{1}{25^3}$

i  $\frac{1}{13^{11}}$

j  $\frac{1}{7^8}$

k  $\frac{1}{16^{12}}$

l  $\frac{1}{(-45)^7}$

## Scientific notation

1 Express the following numbers as basic numerals:

a  $2 \times 10^7$

b  $4.13 \times 10^4$

c  $9 \times 10^{-3}$

d  $8.97 \times 10^5$

e  $5.03 \times 10^5$

f  $3.014 \times 10^3$

g  $8 \times 10^6$

h  $1.3008 \times 10^7$

2 Express the following numbers in scientific notation:

a 45

b 128

c 2000

d 884 000

e 84 626 000

f 23 456

g 6.14

h 9 700 000 000

3 Express the following numbers in scientific notation:

a 0.6

b 0.002

c 0.000 74

d  $\frac{1}{10\,000}$

e 0.000 347

f  $\frac{3}{100\,000}$

g 0.000 059 32

h  $\frac{92}{1000}$

4 Express the following numbers as decimals:

a  $8.29 \times 10^0$

b  $7 \times 10^{-3}$

c  $5.28 \times 10^{-2}$

d  $4.7 \times 10^{-6}$

e  $2.13 \times 10^{-7}$

f  $3.62 \times 10^{-4}$

g  $6.4 \times 10^{-5}$

h  $9.72 \times 10^{-2}$

## Scientific notation and calculators

1 Write the output on your calculator when you enter the following:

a  $1.6 \times 10^6$

b  $1.8 \times 10^{-4}$

c  $2.7 \times 10^{-2}$

d  $3.32 \times 10^5$

e  $7.45 \times 10^{-7}$

f  $6.2 \times 10^3$

g  $4.35 \times 10^8$

h  $8.16 \times 10^{-5}$

2 Write the following in scientific notation:

a 254

b 0.0019

c 7870

d 0.000 314

e 0.000 009 3

f 12 345

g 5 600 000 000

h 0.000 017

3 Find the value of the following in scientific notation:

a  $82.97 \times 7.1 \times 10^4$

b  $81\,000^2 \times 4\,100\,000$

c  $3.808 \times 10^{15} \div (5.6 \times 10^8)$

d  $(8.3 \times 10^{10}) \times (7.9 \times 10^6)$



## Positive fractional indices

1 Write the following in surd form:

a  $12^{\frac{1}{2}}$

b  $15^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c  $7^{\frac{1}{3}}$

d  $35^{\frac{1}{4}}$

e  $21^{\frac{1}{3}}$

f  $31^{\frac{1}{5}}$

g  $10^{\frac{1}{5}}$

h  $24^{\frac{1}{2}}$

2 For each of the following expressions:

i Write in surd form.

ii Evaluate the expression.

a  $36^{\frac{1}{2}}$

b  $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c  $81^{\frac{1}{2}}$

d  $25^{\frac{1}{2}}$

e  $49^{\frac{1}{2}}$

f  $100^{\frac{1}{2}}$

g  $121^{\frac{1}{2}}$

h  $256^{\frac{1}{2}}$

7 Evaluate:

a  $1000^{\frac{1}{3}}$

b  $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c  $256^{\frac{1}{4}}$

d  $32^{\frac{1}{5}}$

e  $64^{\frac{1}{5}}$

f  $1^{\frac{1}{5}}$

g  $27^{\frac{1}{3}}$

h  $16^{\frac{1}{4}}$

i  $64^{\frac{1}{3}}$

j  $125^{\frac{1}{3}}$

k  $128^{\frac{1}{7}}$

l  $216^{\frac{1}{3}}$

8 Write each of the following with a fractional index:

a  $\sqrt[3]{5}$

b  $\sqrt[8]{23}$

c  $\sqrt[6]{6}$

d  $\sqrt[3]{10}$

e  $\sqrt[4]{15}$

f  $\sqrt[7]{18}$

g  $\sqrt[5]{31}$

h  $\sqrt[8]{57}$

9 Write each of the following with a fractional index:

a  $(\sqrt[9]{19})^7$

b  $(\sqrt[3]{7})^8$

c  $(\sqrt[5]{12})^6$

d  $(\sqrt[6]{45})^5$

e  $\sqrt[4]{5^3}$

f  $\sqrt[7]{13^4}$

g  $\sqrt[9]{21^5}$

h  $\sqrt[5]{11^{12}}$

10 Write the following in surd form:

a  $19^{\frac{5}{3}}$

b  $7^{\frac{3}{2}}$

c  $11^{\frac{6}{5}}$

d  $24^{\frac{8}{7}}$

## Negative fractional indices

13 For each of the following expressions:

i Write in surd form.

ii Evaluate the expression.

a  $49^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

b  $121^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

c  $81^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

d  $8^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

e  $64^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

f  $128^{-\frac{1}{7}}$

g  $125^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

h  $256^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

1 Solve for  $x$  in each of the following.

a i  $5^x = 25$

b i  $2^x = \frac{1}{4}$

c i  $9^x = 27$

ii  $2^x = 8$

ii  $5^x = \frac{1}{125}$

ii  $4^x = 8$

2 Solve for  $x$  in each of the following.

a  $3^x = 27$

b  $2^x = 8$

c  $6^x = 36$

d  $9^x = 81$

e  $5^x = 125$

f  $4^x = 64$

g  $3^x = 81$

h  $6^x = 216$

i  $5^x = 625$

j  $2^x = 32$

k  $10^x = 10000$

l  $7^x = 343$

3 Solve for  $x$  in each of the following.

a  $7^x = \frac{1}{49}$

b  $9^x = \frac{1}{81}$

c  $11^x = \frac{1}{121}$

d  $4^x = \frac{1}{256}$

e  $3^x = \frac{1}{243}$

f  $5^{-x} = \frac{1}{125}$

g  $3^{-x} = \frac{1}{9}$

h  $2^{-x} = \frac{1}{64}$

i  $7^{-x} = \frac{1}{343}$

4 Solve for  $x$  in each of the following.

a  $9^x = 27$

b  $8^x = 16$

c  $25^x = 125$

d  $16^x = 64$

e  $81^x = 9$

f  $216^x = 6$

g  $32^x = 2$

h  $10000^x = 10$

i  $7^{-x} = 49$

j  $4^{-x} = 256$

k  $16^{-x} = 64$

l  $25^{-x} = 125$

6 Solve for  $x$  in each of the following.

a  $2^{x+1} = 8^x$

b  $3^{2x+1} = 27^x$

c  $7^{x+9} = 49^{2x}$

d  $5^{x+3} = 25^{2x}$

e  $6^{2x+3} = 216^{2x}$

f  $9^{x+12} = 81^{x+5}$

g  $27^{x+3} = 9^{2x}$

h  $25^{x+3} = 125^{3x}$

i  $32^{2x+3} = 128^{2x}$

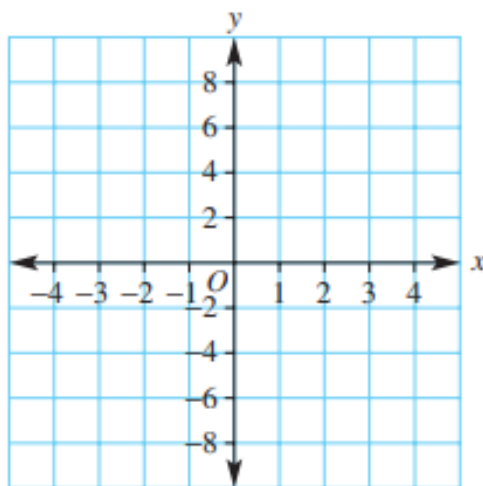
j  $27^{2x+3} = 9^{2x-1}$

k  $9^{x-1} = 27^{2x-6}$

l  $49^{2x-3} = 343^{2x-1}$

Complete this table and graph all three relations on the same set of axes before discussing the points below.

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y_1 = 2^x$	$\frac{1}{8}$			1		4	
$y_2 = -2^x$							
$y_3 = 2^{-x}$							



- Discuss the shape of each graph.
- Where does each graph cut the  $y$ -axis?
- Do the graphs have  $x$ -intercepts? Why not?
- What is the one feature they all have in common?

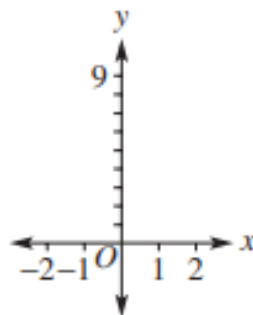
## BUILDING UNDERSTANDING

1 Consider the exponential rule  $y = 3^x$ .

a Complete this table.

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$y$		$\frac{1}{3}$	1		

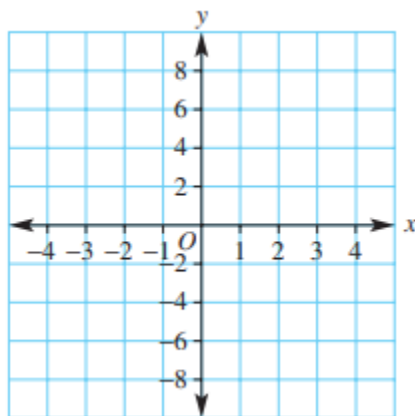
b Plot the points in the table to form the graph of  $y = 3^x$ .



1 Sketch the graph of the following on the same set of axes, labelling the  $y$ -intercept and the point where  $x = 1$ .

a  $y = 2^x$

b  $y = 6^x$



6 a Find the coordinates on the graph of  $y = 3^x$ , where:

i  $x = 0$

ii  $x = -1$

iii  $y = 1$

iv  $y = 9$

Imagine you have an antique car valued at \$100 000 and you hope that it will increase in value at 10% p.a. The 10% increase is to be added to the value of the car each year.

- Complete this table.

Year	0	1	2	3
Value (\$)	100 000	$100\,000 \times 1.1$ = _____	$100\,000 \times 1.1 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ = _____	_____ = _____

## BUILDING UNDERSTANDING

- An antique ring is purchased for \$1000 and is expected to grow in value by 5% per year. Round your answers to the nearest cent.
  - Find the increase in value in the first year.
  - Find the value of the ring at the end of the first year.
  - Find the increase in value in the second year.
  - Find the increase in value in the third year.
  - Find the value of the ring at the end of the fifth year.
- The mass of a limestone 5 kg rock exposed to the weather is decreasing at a rate of 2% per annum.
  - Find the mass of the rock at the end of the first year.
  - State the missing numbers for the mass of the rock ( $M$  kg) after  $t$  years.
 
$$M = 5(1 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}})^t$$

$$= 5 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}^t$$
  - Use your rule to calculate the mass of the rock after 5 years, correct to two decimal places.
- Decide if the following represent exponential *growth* or exponential *decay*.
  - $A = 1000 \times 1.3^t$
  - $A = 350 \times 0.9^t$
  - $P = P_0 \left(1 + \frac{3}{100}\right)^t$
  - $T = T_0 \left(1 - \frac{7}{100}\right)^t$

- Form exponential rules for the following situations.
  - Lara has a necklace that is valued at \$6000 and it is expected to increase in value by 12% per annum.
  - A village's initial population of 2000 is decreasing by 8% per year.
- The value of a house purchased for \$500 000 is expected to grow by 10% per year. Let \$ $A$  be the value of the house after  $t$  years.
  - Write the missing number in the rule connecting  $A$  and  $t$ .
 
$$A = 500\,000 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}^t$$
  - Use your rule to find the expected value of the house after the following number of years. Round your answer to the nearest cent.
    - 3 years
    - 10 years
    - 20 years

- 1** Consider \$500 invested at 10% p.a., compounded annually.
- How much interest is earned in the first year?
  - What is the balance of the account once the first year's interest is added?
  - How much interest is earned in the second year?
  - What is the balance of the account at the end of the second year?
  - Use your calculator to work out  $500(1.1)^2$ .
- 2** By considering an investment of \$4000 at 5% p.a., compounded annually, calculate the missing values in the table below.

Year	Amount (\$)	Interest (\$)	New amount (\$)
1	4000	200	4200
2	4200		
3			
4			
5			

- 4** State the missing numbers.
- \$700 invested at 8% p.a., compounded annually for 2 years.  
 $A = \square(1.08)^\square$
  - \$1000 invested at 15% p.a., compounded annually for 6 years.  
 $A = 1000(\square)^6$
  - \$850 invested at 6% p.a., compounded annually for 4 years.  
 $A = 850(\square)^\square$

- Determine the amount after 4 years if \$5000 is compounded annually at 6%. Round to the nearest cent.
- Determine the amount after 5 years if:
  - \$4000 is compounded annually at 5%
  - \$8000 is compounded annually at 8.35%
  - \$6500 is compounded annually at 16%
  - \$6500 is compounded annually at 8%.
- Determine the amount if \$100000 is compounded annually at 6% for:
  - 1 year
  - 2 years
  - 3 years
  - 5 years
  - 10 years
  - 15 years.
- Calculate the number of periods ( $n$ ) and the rates of interest ( $r$ ) offered per period for the following. (Round the interest rate to three decimal places where necessary.)
  - 6% p.a. over 3 years, paid bi-annually
  - 12% p.a. over 5 years, paid monthly
  - 4.5% p.a. over 2 years, paid fortnightly
  - 10.5% p.a. over 3.5 years, paid quarterly

- 1** Which is better on an investment of \$100 for 2 years:
  - A** simple interest calculated at 20% p.a. or
  - B** compound interest calculated at 20% p.a. and paid annually?
- 2** State the values of  $P$ ,  $r$  and  $n$  for an investment of \$750 at 7.5% p.a., compounded annually for 5 years.
- 3** State the values of  $I$ ,  $P$ ,  $r$  and  $t$  for an investment of \$300 at 3% p.a. simple interest over 300 months.
- 4** Use the simple interest formula  $I = \frac{Prt}{100}$  to find the simple interest on an investment of \$2000 at 4% p.a. over 3 years.

**1** Find the total amount of the following investments, using technology.

- a** \$7000 at 4% p.a., compounded annually for 5 years
- b** \$7000 at 4% p.a., simple interest for 5 years

**2 a** Find the total amount of the following investments, using technology.

- i** \$6000 at 6% p.a., compounded annually for 3 years
- ii** \$6000 at 3% p.a., compounded annually for 5 years
- iii** \$6000 at 3.4% p.a., compounded annually for 4 years
- iv** \$6000 at 10% p.a., compounded annually for 2 years
- v** \$6000 at 5.7% p.a., compounded annually for 5 years

**b** Which of the above yields the most interest?

**3 a** Find the total amount of the following investments, using technology where possible.

- i** \$6000 at 6% p.a. simple interest for 3 years
- ii** \$6000 at 3% p.a. simple interest for 6 years
- iii** \$6000 at 3.4% p.a. simple interest for 7 years
- iv** \$6000 at 10% p.a. simple interest for 2 years
- v** \$6000 at 5.7% p.a. simple interest for 5 years

**b** Which of the above yields the most interest?

**4 a** Determine the total simple and compound interest accumulated in the following cases.

**i** \$4000 at 6% p.a. payable annually for:

**I** 1 year

**II** 2 years

**III** 5 years

**IV** 10 years.

**ii** \$4000 at 6% p.a. payable bi-annually for:

**I** 1 year

**II** 2 years

**III** 5 years

**IV** 10 years.