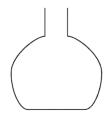
CAMBRIDGE SENIOR MATHEMATICS VCE HEMATICAL **VCE UNITS 1&2** ETHODS

Chapter 16 Rates of change: Assignment

Name

Water is poured at a constant rate into the flask shown. Sketch a graph showing how the 1 depth of water changes with respect to time.



- Assuming a constant speed, find the speed of a car that travels a distance of 140 km in 2 hours. $\mathbf{2}$
- 3 A hiker covers a distance of 23 km over a period of 4 hours. Assuming she walks at a constant speed, calculate her average speed over the 4 hours.
- A shearer shears 120 sheep in 9 hours and is paid \$300. 4
 - **a** Find the rate at which he shears sheep per hour.
 - **b** Find how much he earns per sheep.
 - **c** Find how much he earns per hour.
- $\mathbf{5}$ A cyclist spends 2 hours cycling from Swifts Creek to Tambo Crossing. The ride can be described in three stages:

Stage 1 He rides at a constant speed of 20 km/h for 45 minutes.

Stage 2 He rides at a constant speed of 15 km/h for 45 minutes.

Stage 3 He rides at a constant speed of 25 km/h for 30 minutes.

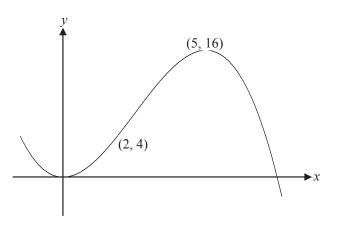
Draw a distance-time graph that illustrates this motion.

Find the average rate of change of the function $f(x) = 2x^2 - x$ as x changes from 3 to 5. 6

SECOND

CAMBRIDGE SENIOR MATHEMATICS VCE HEMATICA VCE UNITS 1&2 ETHODS

Find the average rate of change of the function depicted in the graph below for the interval 7 [2, 5].



A candle burns with a steady flame and gradually diminishes in height. The height, $h \, \text{cm}$, of 8 the candle after burning for t minutes is given by the rule $h = 18 - \frac{1}{4\pi}t$. Find the average rate of change of the height of the candle in the first 3 minutes after it has

been lit, correct to two decimal places.

- By considering the chord joining the points where x = 1 and x = 1.01, estimate the gradient 9 of the curve $y = 2x^3 + x$ at x = 1.
- 10 Let $s(t) = 5t^2 3t$ be the displacement function of a particle moving in a straight line, where t is in seconds and s is in metres.
 - **a** Find the average velocity for the time interval [0, 1].
 - **b** Find the average velocity for the time interval [0.9, 1].
 - **c** Find the average velocity for the time interval [0.99, 1].
 - **d** Estimate the instantaneous velocity for t = 1.
- 11 For $y = 2\sin(x)$, find the average rate at which y changes with respect to x over the interval $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$.

SECOND E

- **12** Consider $y = 3^x$.
 - **a** Find the average rate at which y changes with respect to x over each of the following intervals:
 - **i** [0, 1]
 - **ii** [0, 0.5]
 - **iii** [0, 0.1]
 - iv [0, 0.01]
 - **b** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change of y with respect to x when x = 0.