

**جمعية الدعوة والإرشاد وتوعية الجاليات بالزلفي**  
**متروَع تَعَلَّم الإسلام – أحكام الصلاة – اللغة الانجليزية**

**Lesson 5**

**الدرس الخامس**

**Remembrance of Allah (Adhkaar) to be said after the Prayer**

It is desirable to say the following supplications or some of them after the prayer:

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ ، أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ ، أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ ، اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ السَّلَامُ وَمِنْكَ السَّلَامُ ، تَبَارَكْتَ يَا ذَا الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ  
*Astaghfirul-lah, Astaghfirul-lah, Astaghfirul-lah, Allahumma antas-salam waminkas-salam, tabarakta ya dhal-jalali wal-ikram.*

**“I ask Allah for forgiveness, I ask Allah for forgiveness, I ask Allah for forgiveness. O Allah, You are As-Salam (i.e. the One Who is free from all defects and deficiencies) and from You is all peace, blessed are You, O' Possessor of majesty and honour.”** [Transmitted by Muslim: 591].

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ ، وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ، اللَّهُمَّ لَا تَمْنَعْ لِي مَا أَعْطَيْتَ ، وَلَا تُعْطِنِي مَا مَنَعْتَ ، وَلَا تَنْفَعْ ذَا الْجَدِّ مِنْكَ الْجَدَّ  
*La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, la hul-mulku walahul-hamd, wahuwa 'ala kulli shayin qadeer, allahumma la mani'a lima a'atayt, wala mu'tiya lima mana't, wala yanfa'u dhal-jaddi minkal-jad.*

**“None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent. O' Allah, none can prevent what You have willed to bestow and none can bestow what You have willed to prevent, and no wealth or majesty can benefit anyone, as from You is all wealth and majesty.”** [Agreed upon: 844, 593].

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ ، وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ، لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ ، وَلَا تَعْبُدُ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ ، لَهُ النِّعْمَةُ وَلَهُ الْفَضْلُ ، وَلَهُ الثَّنَاءُ الْحَسَنُ ، لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْكَافِرُونَ  
*La ilaha illal-lah, wahdahu la shareeka lah, la hul-mulku walahul-hamd, wahuwa 'ala kulli shayin qadeer. Lahawla wala quwwata illa billah, la ilaha illal-lah, wala na'budu illa iyyah, lahun-ni'matu walahul-fadl walahu thana-ul-hasan, la ilaha illa Allah mukhliseena lahud-deen walaw karihal-kafiroon.*

**“None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He is over all things omnipotent. There is no might or power except with Allah, none has the right to be worshipped except Allah and we worship none except Him. For Him is all favour, grace, and glorious praise. None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, and we are sincere in faith and devotion to Him even if the disbelievers detest it.”** [Transmitted by Muslim: 594].

**“None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He is over all things omnipotent. There is no might or power except with Allah, none has the right to be worshipped except Allah and we worship none except Him. For Him is all favour, grace, and glorious praise. None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, and we are sincere in faith and devotion to Him even if the disbelievers detest it.”** [Transmitted by Muslim: 594].

Following this, he says (thirty three times each), (سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ) - *Subhanal-lah*, meaning: “How perfect Allah is.”

(الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ) - *Alhamdu lillah*, meaning: “All praise is due and belongs to Allah.”

(اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ) - *Allahu Akbar*, meaning: “Allah is the Greatest.”

Then he completes the hundred by saying,

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ ، وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ ، وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ  
*La ilaha illa Allah wahdahu la shareeka lah, la hul-mulku walahul-hamd, wahuwa 'ala kulli shay'in qadeer.*

**“None has the right to be worshipped except Allah, alone, without a partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent.”** [Transmitted by Muslim: 597].

He should also recite *Ayatul-Kursiyy* (verse 255 of the Glorious Qur'an) and the following chapters after every prayer. However, it is desirable to repeat the three chapters thrice after *Fajr* and *Maghrib* prayers:

﴿ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ..... ﴾

{*Qul huwa Allahu ahad...*} [Surat Al-Ikhlās]

﴿ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ..... ﴾

{*Qul a'oodhu birabbil-falaq.....*} [Surat Al-Falaq]

﴿ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ ..... ﴾

{*Qul a'oodhu birabbin-nas.....*} [Surat An-Nas]