

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of TWO SECTIONS.

> SECTION A QUESTION 1: CLIMATE AND WEATHER (60) QUESTION 2: GEOMORPHOLOGY (60)

SECTION B QUESTION 3: GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND TECHNIQUES (30

- 2. Answer ALL THREE questions.
- All diagrams are included in the QUESTION PAPER. 3.
- 4. Leave a line between the subsections of questions answered.
- 5. Start EACH question at the top of a NEW page.
- 6. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- Do NOT write in the margins of the ANSWER BOOK 7.
- Draw fully labelled diagrams when instructed to do so. 8.
- Answer in FULL SENTENCES, except when you have to state, name, identify 9. or list.
- Units of measurement MUST be indicated in your final answer, e.g. 1 020 hPa, 10. 14 °C and 45 m.
- You may use a non-programmable calculator 11.
- You may use a magnifying glass. 12.
- 13. Write neatly and legibly.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION FOR SECTION B

- 14. A 1:50 000 topographic map 2930CA MERRIVALE and a 1:10 000 orthophoto map 2930 CA 5 MERRIVALE are provided.
- 15. The area demarcated in RED/BLACK on the topographic map represents the area covered by the orthophoto map.
- 16. Marks will be allocated for steps in calculations.
- 17. You must hand in the topographic and orthophoto map to the invigilator at the end of this examination session.

SECTION A: CLIMATE AND WEATHER AND GEOMORPHOLOGY

QUESTION 1: CLIMATE AND WEATHER

- 1.1 Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (1.1.1 to 1.1.8) in the ANSWER BOOK, e.g. 1.1.9 D.
 - 1.1.1 Lines that join places of equal atmospheric pressure on a synoptic weather map are known as ...
 - A isolines.
 - B isotherms.
 - C isohyets.
 - D isobars.

1.1.2 The wind direction represented by the station model below is ...





Refer to the sketch below to answer QUESTIONS 1.1.4 to 1.1.6.



Refer to the sketch below to answer QUESTIONS 1.1.7 and 1.1.8.

1.2 Complete the statements in COLUMN A with the options in COLUMN B. Write down only **Y** or **Z** next to the question numbers (1.2.1 to 1.2.7) in the ANSWER BOOK, e.g. 1.2.8 Y.

	COLUMN A		COLUMN B]
1.2.1	Increased absorption of heat in	Y 7	natural artificial	
1.2.2	The intensity of multiple reflections of heat is increased due to the dimension of buildings.	Y Z	vertical horizontal	
1.2.3	The air pressure will generally be in urban areas than in rural areas.	Y Z	lower higher	
1.2.4	The wind speed in urban areas is than in rural areas.	Y Z	faster slower	
1.2.5	The relative humidity over urban areas is lower than over rural areas due to evaporation.	Y Z	more less	
1.2.6	Urban areas have a higher frequency of precipitation than rural areas due to	Y	hygroscopic particles building structures	
1.2.7	Temperature graph represents the change in temperature from the urban areas (S) to the rural areas (T).	Y/	T	
1	NOTIONS', MIL	20	T	
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		(7 x 1)	(7)

- **PLAN VIEW CROSS-SECTIONS** Y в Cool air Warm sector Cold ai Ζ Cold sector Cold air West East Cool ai Movement of mid-latitude cyclone [Source: Examiner's own sketch Jas Monu Name the wind belt that causes the easterly movement of the 1.3.1 mid-latitude cyclone. (1) (1×1) Refer to the plan view. 1.3.2 Identify front A. (1×1) (1) Which ONE of fronts A or B is moving faster? 1.3.3 (1×1) (1) 1.3.4 Give a reason for your answer to QUESTION 1.3.3. (1×2) (2) Give evidence from the sketch that the mid-latitude cyclone is found 1.3.5 in the Southern Hemisphere (1×2) (2) Refer to the cold front occlusion **C** and the cross-sections. 1.3.6 (a) Which ONE of the cross-sections Y or Z represents the cold front occlusion at C? (1×2) (2) Give evidence that **C** is a cold front occlusion. (b) (1×2) (2) Explain how the cold front occlusion developed. (c) (2 x 2) (4)
- 1.3 Refer to the sketches below on a mid-latitude cyclone.

1.4 Refer to the infographic below on Tropical Cyclone Batsirai.



1.5 Refer to the sketches below showing the changes in the position of the inversion layer over South Africa.



Refer to sketches **A** and **B**.

1.5.5 In a paragraph of approximately EIGHT lines, describe how the position of the inversion layer in sketches **A** and **B** influences the amount of rainfall in the interior of South Africa. (4 x 2)

(8) **[60]**

QUESTION 2: GEOMORPHOLOGY

2.1 Refer to drainage basins **A** and **B** below which have different drainage densities. Match the descriptions in QUESTIONS 2.1.1 to 2.1.8 with **A** and **B**. Write down only **A** or **B** next to the question numbers (2.1.1 to 2.1.8) in the ANSWER BOOK, e.g. 2.1.9 **A**.



2.1.8 The graph below represents this drainage basin.



2.2 Various options are provided as possible answers to the following questions. Choose the answer and write only the letter (A–D) next to the question numbers (2.2.1 to 2.2.7) in the ANSWER BOOK, e.g. 2.2.8. D.

Refer to the sketch below to answer QUESTIONS 2.2.1 to 2.2.3.



D (ii) and (iv)

AFTER RIVER CAPTURE wn sketch sketch wn sketch ske 2.2.4 River C is known as the ... stream А captive captor В С captured D misfit 2.2.5 Feature D is referred to as А a waterfall. В river gravel. a wind gap. C D an elbow of capture. The resultant fluvial landform of river capture at E is a/an ... 2.2.6meander. А waterfall. R misfit stream. C D oxbow lake. 2.2.7 The characteristics of river F are that it flows in a ... valley and the volume of water ... (i) wide (ii) narrow (iii) increases (iv) decreases А (i) and (iii)

Refer to the sketch below to answer QUESTIONS 2.2.4 to 2.2.7.

- B (ii) and (iv)
- C (i) and (iv)
- D (ii) and (iii)

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(7 x 1) (7)

2.3 Refer to the drainage basin below.



2.4 Refer to the sketch on fluvial landforms below.



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2.5 Refer to the case study below on catchment and river management.



[60]

TOTAL SECTION A: 120

SECTION B

QUESTION 3: GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS AND TECHNIQUES



The following English terms and their Afrikaans translations are shown on the topographic map:

<u>ENGLISH</u>

Diggings Mooi River Sewerage Works Nature Reserve

AFRIKAANS

Delwery Mooirivier Rioolwerke Natuurreservaat

3.1 MAP SKILLS AND CALCULATIONS

3.1.1 Study the information below. The orthophoto index map sheet west of 2930 CA 5 is ...



Calculate the straight-line distance in metres (m) that the power line covers from 6 in block B3 to 7 in block C5.

Formula: **Actual Distance = Map distance x Map scale** (2 x 1) (2) Refer to the topographic map.

- 3.1.4 Draw a freehand cross-section from the recreation facility at point **F** in block **D2** to point **G** in block **D3**. Indicate **F** and **G** on your cross-section. (2 x 1) (2)
- 3.1.5 Is the recreation facility at **F** in block **D2** intervisible from point **G** in block **D3**? (1 x 1) (1)
- 3.1.6 Calculate the magnetic declination for 2022. The difference in years is 6 years and the annual change is 9' westwards. (3 x 1) (3)

3.2 **MAP INTERPRETATION**

- 3.2.1 The wind that blows during the night in block **C2** on the orthophoto map is a/an ... wind.
 - A anabatic
 - B valley
 - C katabatic
 - D slope

Refer to block D4 on the orthophoto map

- 3.2.2 (a) Which time of the day (morning/afternoon) was the photograph taken? (1 x 1) (1)
 - (b) Give a reason for your answer to QUESTION 3.2.2(a). (1×2) (2)

2

1 x 1)

(1)

3.2.3 Give a climatological reason for the large number of perennial water sources (dams) and furrows found on the topographic map. (1 x 2) (2)

Refer to river H in block B1 on the topographic map.

- 3.2.4 (a) River **H** in block **B1** generally flows in a north-easterly direction. Give map evidence to support this statement. (1 x 1) (1)
 - (b) Give evidence why the type of flow of river **H** is associated with laminar flow. (1×2) (2)
- 3.2.5 The drainage pattern **I** encircled in blocks **C3** and **D3** on the topographic map is ...
 - A trellis.
 - B dendritic.
 - C radial.
 - D rectangular.

- (1 x 1) (1)
- 3.2.6 Describe the underlying rock structure that is responsible for the drainage pattern (answer to QUESTION 3.2.5). (1 x 2) (2)

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3.3 **GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS (GIS)**

Refer to the photograph below that shows an environmental issue in block C2 on the topographic map.



(2)

Refer to the sketch below of the infrastructure data layer in block **C3** on the orthophoto map.

