

1. Consider the following statements regarding Solstices and Equinoxes:

1. During the Summer Solstice in the Northern Hemisphere, the Sun is directly overhead at the Tropic of Cancer.
2. During an Equinox, day and night are equal in length all over the Earth, including the poles.
3. The Winter Solstice in the Southern Hemisphere occurs in June.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
(b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3

2. With reference to the deserts of the world, consider the following statements:

1. The **Sechura Desert** is located along the western coast of South America.
2. The **Kalahari Desert** extends over Botswana, Namibia, and South Africa.
3. The **Taklamakan Desert** and the **Gobi Desert** are both located in China.
4. The **Atacama Desert** is classified as a cold desert due to its extremely low temperatures.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
(b) 1, 2 and 3 only
(c) 2 and 4 only
(d) 1, 3 and 4 only

3. With reference to Ramsar Sites in India, which of the following statements are correct as of June 2025?

1. In early 2025, four new Ramsar sites were notified: **Sakkarakottai Bird Sanctuary**, **Therthangal Bird Sanctuary** (both in Tamil Nadu), **Khecheopalri Wetland** (Sikkim), and **Udhwa Lake** (Jharkhand).
2. Later in June 2025, **Khichan** in Phalodi and **Menar** in Udaipur (both in Rajasthan) were added as Ramsar sites, increasing the total to **91**.
3. As of mid-2025, **Tamil Nadu** continues to have the highest number of Ramsar sites among Indian states.
4. **India currently has the highest number of Ramsar sites in the world.**

Select the correct answer using the code below:

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
(b) 2 and 4 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

4. With reference to the coastline of India, consider the following statements:

1. As per the **Survey of India and National Hydrographic Office (April 2025 update)**, the total length of India's coastline has been revised to **11,098.81 km**, replacing the earlier estimate of about 7,516.6 km.
2. According to the revised 2025 data, **Tamil Nadu** has overtaken **Andhra Pradesh** to become the state with the

second-longest mainland coastline,
after Gujarat.

3. Among Union Territories,
Lakshadweep Islands have the longest
coastline, exceeding 3,000 km.

Which of the statements given above is/are
correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
(b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1 and 3 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3

5. With reference to the inquiry committee
under the Judges Inquiry Act, 1968, consider
the following statements:

1. It consists of a Judge of the Supreme Court, a Chief Justice of a High Court, and a distinguished jurist.
2. It is constituted by the Speaker/Chairman of the concerned House.
3. If the committee finds the judge guilty, Parliament may proceed with the motion.
4. If the committee finds the judge not guilty, the motion lapses.

Which of the statements given above are
correct?

- (a) 1, 3 and 4 only
(b) 2 and 3 only
(c) 1, 2, 3 and 4
(d) 1 and 4 only

6. Which of the following are classified as
Committees to Inquire in the Indian
Parliament?

1. Committee on Petitions

2. Committee of Privileges
3. Ethics Committee
4. Business Advisory Committee

Select the correct answer using the code
given below:

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
(b) 2, 3 and 4 only
(c) 1 and 4 only
(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

7. Who appoints ad hoc judges in India, and to
whom do they submit their resignation?

- a) Appointed by **President**; resignation
submitted to **Chief Justice of India**
b) Appointed by **Chief Justice of India**;
resignation submitted to **President**
c) Appointed by **President**; resignation
submitted to **President**
d) Appointed by **Parliament**; resignation
submitted to **Supreme Court**

8. Who appoints the Administrator of a Union
Territory in India?

- A) Chief Minister of the UT
B) President of India
C) Prime Minister of India
D) Parliament of India

9. With reference to the **prior
recommendation of the President**, consider
the following statements:

1. A bill involving expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of India requires the President's recommendation.
2. A bill affecting the jurisdiction or powers of the Supreme Court requires the President's recommendation.

3. A Constitutional Amendment Bill also requires the President's recommendation before introduction.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

10. Consider the following statements regarding the offices of the President and the Vice-President of India:

- 1. The President of India submits his resignation to the Vice-President.
- 2. The Vice-President of India submits his resignation to the President.
- 3. Both the President and the Vice-President can be removed by a resolution passed by Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

11. With reference to the judicial provisions relating to the President of India and the Governor of a State, consider the following statements:

- 1. No criminal proceedings can be initiated against both the President and a Governor during their term of office.
- 2. Civil proceedings can be instituted against the President or a Governor for

acts done in their personal capacity, after giving one month prior notice.

3. Unlike the President, a Governor is not answerable to any court for the exercise of powers and duties of office.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

12. With reference to the veto powers of the President of India, consider the following statements:

- 1. If the President withholds assent to a bill without returning it, keeping it pending indefinitely, it is termed an **absolute veto**.
- 2. Returning a non-Money Bill once for reconsideration, after which the President must give assent if it is passed again, is an instance of a **suspensive veto**.
- 3. The **qualified veto**, available in the USA, requires the legislature to override a veto by an extraordinary majority, but the Indian Constitution does not provide this mechanism.
- 4. The **pocket veto** in India is possible because the Constitution prescribes no time limit for the President to act on a bill.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two

- c) Only three
- d) All four

13. With reference to the Council of Ministers in India, which of the following correctly describes their right to participate in the proceedings of Parliament?

- a) They have the right to attend and vote in both Houses
- b) They may attend either House but vote only in the House of which they are a member
- c) They cannot attend the House of which they are not a member
- d) They neither attend nor vote in the other House

14. If a Member of Parliament is disqualified under the Anti-Defection Law, he/she also loses the ministership. This provision was clarified by which Constitutional Amendment?

- a) 91st Amendment Act, 2001
- b) 81st Amendment Act, 2003
- c) 91st Amendment Act, 2003
- d) 92nd Amendment Act, 2003

15. By which Constitutional Amendment was it clarified that even after the dissolution of the Lok Sabha, the Council of Ministers does not cease to hold office?

- a) 44th Amendment Act, 1971
- b) 42nd Amendment Act, 1972
- c) 44th Amendment Act, 1971
- d) 42nd Amendment Act, 1971

16. Which of the following instances actually led to the resignation of the Council of Ministers in India due to failure of collective responsibility or withdrawal of support?

1. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar resigned in 1951 over differences on the Hindu Code Bill.
2. C.D. Deshmukh resigned in 1956 opposing the policy of reorganization of states.
3. Arif Mohammad Khan resigned in 1986 due to opposition over the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act.

How many of the above is/are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All three
- d) None

17. With reference to elections in India, consider the following statements:

1. Electors Photo Identity Card (EPIC) was introduced in 1993.
2. Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) were first used in a general election to a State Assembly in 1999.
3. Voting through postal ballot has been in place since the 1950s, and proxy voting facility for armed forces was introduced in 2003.
4. EVMs were used throughout the country in a Lok Sabha election for the first time in 2004.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

18. Which of the following subjects were originally part of the *State List* under the Seventh Schedule of the Indian Constitution?

1. Education
2. Forests
3. Weights and Measures
4. Protection of wild animals and birds
5. Administration of justice

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) None
(b) 1, 3 and 4 only
(c) 2, 3 and 5 only
(d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

19. Consider the following provisions regarding the office of the Vice President of India:

1. A resolution for the removal of the Vice President requires a **14 days' advance notice**.
2. A vacancy in the office of the Vice President must be filled within **six months**.
3. If the Vice President is removed, the President immediately nominates a successor.
4. In case of a tie in Rajya Sabha during the election of Vice President, the Speaker of Lok Sabha has the casting vote.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
(b) 2 and 3 only

- (c) 1, 2 and 4 only
(d) 1, 2 and 3 only

20. With reference to the discretionary powers of the Governor and Chief Minister in cases of political instability, consider the following:

1. When no party secures clear majority, the Governor can require the leader of the largest party/coalition to seek a **vote of confidence within one month**.
2. In the event of hung assembly, the Governor is bound to follow the order of the Election Commission.
3. In the absence of majority, the Chief Minister must prove confidence in the Legislative Assembly.
4. The Governor may dismiss a government if it loses majority on the floor of the House.

Which of the statements are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only
(b) 2 and 4 only
(c) 1, 3 and 4 only
(d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

21. Consider the following timelines in the Indian Constitution:

1. **Ordinances** promulgated by the President must be approved by Parliament within **6 weeks of reassembly**.
2. **Impeachment notice** against the President requires **14 days' notice**.

3. For moving a resolution against the Speaker of Lok Sabha, **14 days' notice** is necessary.
4. A Governor sued in civil proceedings must be given **2 months' advance notice**.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

22. With reference to elections and vacancies in India, consider the following statements:

1. A vacancy in the office of **Mukhiya** (Panchayat head) must be filled within **6 months**.
2. When both **Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha** are elected, the President must be intimated within **10 days**.
3. When both **Parliament and a State Legislature** are elected, the Election Commission must be intimated within **14 days**.
4. In case of mid-term vacancy in Lok Sabha, the election must be held within **1 year**.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 4 only
- (c) 1 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

23. The convention of electing the Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha from the Opposition started from which Lok Sabha?

- (a) 9th Lok Sabha
- (b) 10th Lok Sabha
- (c) 11th Lok Sabha
- (d) 12th Lok Sabha

24. Consider the following statements regarding parliamentary committees in India:

1. The number of members in the Estimates Committee was increased from 25 to 30 in 1954.
2. Until 1964–65, the Chairman of the Public Accounts Committee was usually from the ruling party.
3. The Committee on Public Undertakings (COPU) was introduced in 1962 based on the recommendations of the Krishna Menon Committee.
4. The Chairman of COPU is always from the ruling party.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) None
- (c) All
- (d) 1, 3 and 4 only

25. Consider the following statements regarding the oath of constitutional functionaries in India:

1. The President of India takes the oath under **Article 61**.
2. The Vice President of India takes the oath under **Article 68**.

3. The Governor of a State takes the oath under **Article 158**.
4. The Chief Minister of a State takes the oath under **Article 163**.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 0

26. How many of the following Articles of the Constitution are based on **Gandhian principles**?

Articles: 38, 39, 39A, 40, 41, 42, 43, 43A, 43B, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51

- A. 5
- B. 6
- C. 7
- D. 4

27. With reference to the Fundamental Duties inserted by the **42nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1976 (based on recommendations of the 1972 Swaran Singh Committee)**, consider the following statements:

1. Under **Article 51A(a)**, it is the duty of every citizen to respect the Constitution, its ideals and institutions, the National Flag, and the National Anthem.
2. Under **Article 51A(e)**, it is the duty of every citizen to promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood among all people of India transcending religious, linguistic, and regional diversities.

3. Under **Article 51A(h)**, it is the duty of every citizen to develop a scientific temper, humanism, and the spirit of inquiry and reform.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) Only one
- (b) Only two
- (c) All three
- (d) None

28. With reference to the Right to Freedom of Religion under the Indian Constitution, consider the following statements:

1. **Article 26** guarantees freedom of conscience and the right to freely profess, practice, and propagate religion.
2. **Article 25** provides that every religious denomination or any section thereof has the right to manage its own affairs in matters of religion.
3. **Article 28** states that no person shall be compelled to pay any taxes for the promotion or maintenance of any particular religion.
4. **Article 27** provides for complete freedom from attending religious instruction in *any* educational institution recognized by the State.

How many of the statements given above are NOT correct?

- (a) All
- (b) Only two
- (c) Only three
- (d) None

29 . Consider the following statements regarding **Article 45** of the Indian Constitution:

Statement I: Originally, Article 45 directed the State to provide free and compulsory education for all children until they complete the age of **fourteen years**, within ten years of the commencement of the Constitution.

Statement II: After the **86th Constitutional Amendment Act, 2002**, Article 45 was amended to mandate the State to provide early childhood care and education for all children until they complete the age of **six years**.

- (a) Statement I is correct, Statement II is false
- (b) Statement II is correct, Statement I is false
- (c) Both statements are correct, and Statement II is the correct explanation of Statement I
- (d) Both statements are correct, but Statement II is neither the explanation nor justification of Statement I

30 . With reference to Article 112 of the Indian Constitution, consider the following statement:

"Article 112 of the Constitution mentions the word 'Budget'."

Which of the following is correct?

- A) True – Article 112 explicitly uses the word "Budget."
- B) False – Article 112 does not use the word "Budget"; it refers to an **Annual Financial Statement**.
- C) True – Article 112 mentions both "Budget" and "Annual Financial Statement."
- D) False – Article 112 deals only with the **State Budget**.

31. Which of the following states currently have a **Legislative Council**?

- A) Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra, Karnataka
- B) Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra, Karnataka
- C) Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Gujarat, Bihar, Maharashtra, Karnataka
- D) Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra, Kerala

32. Consider the following statements regarding the reorganization of states in India:

- 1. The **SK Dhar Commission (1948)** recommended the reorganization of states on the basis of **administrative convenience** rather than linguistic basis.
- 2. The **JPV Commission (1948)** also recommended reorganization of states on the basis of **administrative convenience**.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A) 1 only
- B) 2 only
- C) Both 1 and 2
- D) Neither 1 nor 2

33. Consider the following statements regarding the **Lokur Commission**:

- 1. The **1965 Lokur Committee** laid down criteria to identify **Scheduled Tribes** in India, including primitive traits, distinct culture, geographical isolation, shyness of contact, and backwardness.
- 2. The **2021 Lokur Commission** in West Bengal was appointed to **investigate**

alleged Pegasus spyware surveillance
on phones.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A) 1 only
- B) 2 only
- C) Both 1 and 2
- D) Neither 1 nor 2

34. Consider the following statements regarding Orogeny and Epeirogeny:

1. Orogeny refers to the process of mountain building caused by folding, faulting, and volcanic activities.
2. Epeirogeny refers to the broad, continent-scale vertical movements of the Earth's crust leading to continental building.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- A) 1 only
- B) 2 only
- C) Both 1 and 2
- D) Neither 1 nor 2

35. Match the following pairs of tides with their correct conditions:

1. **Spring Tides** – (a) Sun, Moon, and Earth aligned in a straight line
2. **Neap Tides** – (b) Sun and Moon at right angles to each other

Select the correct option:

- A) 1-a and 2-b
- B) 1-b and 2-a
- C) Both 1 and 2 incorrect
- D) Only 1 correct

36. With reference to June 5, 2025, consider the following statements:

1. India has 18 Biosphere Reserves.
2. India has 89 Ramsar Sites.
3. India has 573 Wildlife Sanctuaries.
4. India has 58 Tiger Reserves.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- A) 1 and 2 only
- B) 2 and 3 only
- C) 1, 3, and 4 only
- D) 1, 2, 3, and 4

37. With reference to the 2024 Kobe World Para Athletics Championships, consider the following statements about Mariyappan Thangavelu:

1. He won a gold medal in Men's High Jump T42 event.
2. His winning jump set a **Championship Record**.
3. He has previously won a Paralympics gold medal in the same category.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) None
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

38. With reference to the Pulitzer Prize 2025, consider the following statements:

1. The **Fiction** category was awarded to *James* by Percival Everett.
2. The **Biography** category was awarded to *Every Living Thing: The Great and*

Deadly Race to Know All Life by Jason Roberts.

3. The **Poetry** award was given to *New and Selected Poems* by Marie Howe.
4. The **Breaking News Photography** award was given to Doug Mills for coverage of a political event in the United States.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- c) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- d) 2 and 4 only

39. Who is the author of the book “An Enquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations”?

- (a) David Ricardo
- (b) Adam Smith
- (c) John Maynard Keynes
- (d) Karl Marx

40. Which of the following statements correctly explains the concept of *Final Goods* in economics?

1. A final good is always a naturally consumable good in its raw form.
2. A good becomes final depending on its economic use, i.e., whether it is meant for final consumption or further value addition.
3. Tea leaves bought by a household are not considered final goods, but the same tea leaves used in a restaurant for making tea to sell are final goods.

4. Home-cooked food is considered an economic activity as it undergoes transformation.
 - (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) 4 only
 - (d) 3 and 4 only

41. Which of the following statements regarding recent appointments is/are correct as of May 2025?

1. R. Doraiswamy is the current CEO & MD of LIC.
2. S. Raman has been appointed as Chairperson of Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA).
3. Dinesh K. Patnaik is presently India's High Commissioner to Canada.
4. Bhuvnesh Kumar was appointed as CEO of UIDAI in January 2025.
5. Ajay Kumar is the current Chairperson of UPSC (appointed in May 2025).

How many of the above are correct?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) All five

42. Consider the following activities associated with Prime Minister Narendra Modi's visit to France (10–12 February 2025):

1. The visit included discussions on the delivery of 26 Rafale fighter jets and 3 Scorpène submarines ordered in July 2023.
2. A Letter of Intent was signed between France's INRIA and India's DST for the

establishment of an Indo-French Centre for Digital Science.

3. India-France cooperation on counter-terrorism was reinforced through collaboration between France's GIGN and India's NSG.
4. Tribute at Mazargues War Cemetery for Indian soldiers of WWI and WWII.
5. Co-chairing the AI Action Summit in Paris.

How many of the above statements are **not correct**?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) None

43. Consider the following events related to India-U.S. cooperation during PM Modi's 2025 visit:

1. NASA-ISRO AXIOM mission and NISAR mission were launched as part of enhanced civil space collaboration.
2. U.S. President Donald Trump invited Indian universities to establish campuses in the U.S.
3. The U.S. President approved the extradition of the accused in the 26/11 Mumbai terror attack to India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2, and 3

44. With reference to India-Canada relations and demographics, consider the following statements:

1. The G7 Summit in June 2025 was held at Kananaskis, Canada.
2. Canada hosts approximately 1.8 million people of Indian origin.
3. Indian students formed around 41% of the international student community in Canada in 2022.
4. There are nearly 1 million Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) in Canada.
5. India-Canada bilateral trade (2024) amounted to Goods – USD 14.3 Bn; Services – USD 8.6 Bn.

How many of the above statements are **NOT correct**?

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 0

45. Match the following women achievers with their historic achievements:

Column A

Column B

A. Netumbo Nandi-Ndaitwah

1. First woman CISF officer to scale Mount Everest

B. Kirsty Coventry

2. First woman President of Namibia

C. Cornelia Sorabji

3. First woman and first African to lead IOC

D. Geeta Samota

4. India's first woman lawyer who graduated from Oxford

- a) A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4
 b) A-1, B-4, C-2, D-3
 c) A-4, B-1, C-3, D-2
 d) A-2, B-3, C-4, D-1

46. Match the following temples with their builders:

Column A (Temple)	Column B (Builder)
A. Brihdeswara Temple, Thanjavur	1. Rajaraja Chola II
B. Airateswara Temple, Darasuram	2. Rajaraja Chola I
C. Gangaikonda Cholapuram Temple	3. Rajendra Chola I

- a) A-3, B-2, C-1
 b) A-2, B-1, C-3
 c) A-1, B-3, C-2
 d) A-2, B-3, C-1

47. Match the following ancient Indian texts with their respective authors/creators:

Column A (Text)	Column B (Author/Creator)
A. Ashtadhyayi	1. Pāṇini
B. Vāsavadatta	2. Subandhu
C. Mṛcchakaṭika	3. Śūdaraka
D. Kṛitarjuniya	4. Bharavi, author of Sanskrit epic poetry

- a) A-1, B-3, C-2, D-4
 b) A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4

- c) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4
 d) A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3

48. With reference to Jainism, consider the following symbols and their associated representations:

1. Malli – Water Jug
2. Suparshava – Swastika
3. Parshvanath – Snake
4. Ajitanath – Elephant

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1
 b) 2
 c) 3
 d) 4

49. With reference to the Mauryan dynasty, consider the following statements:

1. Mauryas were Shudras according to the Puranas.
2. Mauryas were Vaishyas according to the Junagadh inscription.
3. Mauryas were of low origin according to Greek accounts.
4. Mauryas were Kshatriyas according to Buddhist Sakya clan traditions.

How many of the above statements are correctly matched?

- a) 1
 b) 2
 c) 3
 d) 4

50. With reference to Gautama Buddha, consider the following events:

1. Birth – Lumbini
2. Great Departure
(Mahabhinishkramana) – Bodhgaya
3. First Sermon – Sarnath
4. Mahaparinirvana – Kushinagar

How many of the above events are correctly matched with their locations?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

51. With reference to Sudarshan Lake, consider the following statements:

1. Built by Chandragupta Maurya's governor Paramatta, who was a Vaishya.
2. Repaired by Saka ruler Rudradaman I.
3. Re-repaired by Pushyagupta, governor of the Gupta dynasty king Skandagupta.

How many of the above statements are correctly matched?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 0

52. With reference to Bihar's e-voting initiative through the mobile app E-SECBHR, consider the following statements:

1. The app uses **blockchain technology** to ensure immutable vote records.
2. It is currently available only for **Android devices**.

3. Its use in **Bihar Assembly Elections 2025** has been officially confirmed.
4. The app **directly benefits all registered voters irrespective of physical condition**.
5. The app was developed by **Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC)**.

Which of the statements given above is **NOT correct**?

- (a) Only 4
- (b) Only 2
- (c) Only 1
- (d) Only 3

53: How many palm trees have been identified for Neera production under the Mukhyamantri Neera Samvardhan Yojana in Bihar?

- (a) 1 lakh
- (b) 2 lakh
- (c) 5 lakh
- (d) 10 lakh

54. During the Mahila Samvad programme at CM's Secretariat, Patna, the pension under the Social Security Scheme was increased from ₹400 to:

- (a) ₹800 per month
- (b) ₹1,100 per month
- (c) ₹1,500 per month
- (d) ₹2,000 per month

55. Which of the following statements regarding Bihar Patrakar Samman Pension Yojana are correct?

1. Monthly pension for retired journalists increased from ₹6,000 → ₹15,000.

2. Dependents/spouse of deceased journalists will now get ₹10,000/month instead of ₹3,000.
3. The scheme was announced on 25 July 2025 by CM Nitish Kumar.
4. It is applicable only to journalists in Patna.
 - (a) Only 1 statement is correct
 - (b) Only 2 statements are correct
 - (c) Only 3 statements are correct
 - (d) All 4 statements are correct

56. The Bihar government has initiated district-wise training programs for officials (Amins and Kanungos) as part of the **Bihar Land Survey 2024**. This training primarily focuses on the **Kaithi script (कायथी / कायस्थी)**. Consider the following statements:

1. Kaithi, also known as Kaythi or Kayasthi, has been historically used for land records in India since around 600 AD.
2. During Muslim rule, the Kayasthi community maintained land records in Kaithi, while administrative documents were written in Urdu-Persian.
3. Kaithi script has **शिरोरेखा**, uses compound letters (𑂀, 𑂁, 𑂂, 𑂃, 𑂄), and clearly marks short and long vowels.
4. The current Bihar Land Survey training aims to enable officials to read and interpret old land records written in Kaithi for accurate record-keeping.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- A) One
- B) Two

- C) Three
- D) Four

57. With reference to demographic indicators of Bihar (Census 2011), consider the following rankings (in decreasing order):

1. Highest Population Density: Sheohar (1882) > Patna > Darbhanga
2. Highest Child Sex Ratio: Kishanganj (971) > Katihar > Gaya
3. Highest Sex Ratio: Gopalganj (1015) > Siwan > Saran
4. Highest Population Decadal Growth: Madhepura (31.1%) > Kishanganj > Araria & Khagaria

How many of the above rankings are correct?

- a) Only two
- b) Only three
- c) All four
- d) Only one

58. The present Chief Minister of Bihar, Nitish Kumar, contested and for the first time won his election to the State Assembly in 1985 from which constituency?

- a) Nalanda
- b) Harnaut
- c) None
- d) Rajgir

59. The present Prime Minister of India, Narendra Modi, contested his first election in February 2002 in a by-election to the Gujarat Legislative Assembly from which constituency?

- a) Maninagar
- b) Gandhinagar
- c) Rajkot II
- d) Vadodara

60. With reference to the number of Lok Sabha seats, consider the following states:

1. Tamil Nadu
2. Madhya Pradesh
3. Karnataka
4. Gujarat

Arrange the above states in **decreasing order of their Lok Sabha seats.**

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) Tamil Nadu > Gujarat > Madhya Pradesh > Karnataka
- b) Tamil Nadu > Madhya Pradesh > Karnataka > Gujarat
- c) Madhya Pradesh > Tamil Nadu > Karnataka > Gujarat
- d) Tamil Nadu > Karnataka > Madhya Pradesh > Gujarat

61. With reference to the Rajya Sabha seats, consider the following states:

1. Tamil Nadu
2. Maharashtra
3. West Bengal
4. Andhra Pradesh

Arrange the above states in **decreasing order of their Rajya Sabha seats.**

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) Maharashtra > Tamil Nadu > West Bengal > Andhra Pradesh
- b) Tamil Nadu > Maharashtra > West Bengal > Andhra Pradesh
- c) Maharashtra > West Bengal > Tamil Nadu >

Andhra Pradesh

d) Maharashtra > Tamil Nadu > Andhra Pradesh > West Bengal

62. With reference to female literacy rate in Bihar (Census 2011), consider the following states in order:

Female Literacy Rate (Decreasing order):
Rohtas (63.0%) > Munger > Patna

Female Literacy Rate (Decreasing order):
Saharsa (41.7%) > Madhepura > Purnia

How many of the above orders are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) Both are correct
- d) None

63. Consider the following statements about the Rashtriya Vigyan Puraskar 2024:

1. Vigyan Ratna was awarded to Govindrajan Padmanabhan, IISc Bangalore.
2. A total of 33 awards were given across four categories: Vigyan Ratna, Vigyan Shri, Vigyan Yuva, and Vigyan Team.
3. The Vigyan Team Award was given to the Chandrayaan-3 team.
4. The Vigyan Yuva award was presented to 18 scientists for exceptional contributions in science and technology.

How many of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) Only three
- d) All

64. Consider the following statement:

Madhav Gadgil, renowned for his work in ecology and environmental conservation, was awarded **UNEP's Lifetime Achievement Award in 2024**.

- a) Stockholm Water Prize
- b) UNEP's Lifetime Achievement Award
- c) Goldman Environmental Prize
- d) Ramsar Wetland Award

65. With reference to the 2024 Lok Sabha elections, consider the following statements:

- 1. The national voter turnout was 65.79%.
- 2. Bihar recorded the lowest turnout among all states.
- 3. A total of 74 women MPs were elected, a decrease from 78 in the previous Lok Sabha.
- 4. West Bengal elected the highest number of women MPs (11).
- 5. Indore constituency recorded a 14% NOTA vote share, unusually high for a single seat.

How many of the statements given above are **NOT correct**?

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 0

66. With reference to women representation in the Lok Sabha, consider the following statements:

- 1. In 1952, women made up 4.41% of the Lok Sabha.

- 2. The percentage of women MPs has steadily increased since 1952 without any decline.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

67. With reference to the Biomass satellite, consider the following statements:

- 1. It is a flagship mission of the European Space Agency (ESA).
- 2. The satellite has been developed in France by Arianespace.
- 3. It is the first satellite in the world to measure Earth's forests in 3D using P-band Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR).
- 4. It was launched aboard a Vega-C rocket from French Guiana.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1, 3 and 4 only
- c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- d) All of the above

68. Consider the following statements:

- 1. Dadi Ratan Mohini, the centenarian spiritual leader, was the second chief of the Brahma Kumaris to reach an advanced age.
- 2. Raja Yoga, the core practice of the Brahma Kumaris, emphasizes meditation and spiritual healing to connect with the inner self and the divine.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2 only
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

Governor even after the dissolution of the State Legislative Assembly.

- 3. The provision limiting the size of the Council of Ministers in the states was added by the 91st Constitutional Amendment Act, 2003.

69. With reference to the powers of a Chief Minister in India, consider the following statements:

- 1. The Chief Minister is the Chairman of the State Planning Board in every state.
- 2. The Chief Minister is the Chairman of the concerned Zonal Council.
- 3. The Chief Minister is an ex-officio member of the Inter-State Council and the Governing Council of NITI Aayog.
- 4. The Chief Minister is regarded as the chief crisis manager at the state level.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only three
- c) All four
- d) Only two

70. With reference to the Council of Ministers in a state, consider the following statements:

- 1. The total number of Ministers, including the Chief Minister, in the Council of Ministers in a state shall not exceed 12% of the total strength of the State Legislative Assembly.
- 2. The Council of Ministers must continue to exist to aid and advise the

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All three
- d) None

71. With reference to the relationship between Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha in the Indian Parliament, consider the following situations:

- 1. Introduction and passage of Constitutional Amendment Bills
- 2. Passage of Ordinary Bills
- 3. Passage of Money Bills and Financial Bills (Category I)
- 4. Election and impeachment of the President
- 5. Approval of President's ordinances
- 6. Removal of Government through a No-confidence motion
- 7. Cut motions related to the Finance Bill

In how many of the above cases does the Lok Sabha enjoy a position of supremacy over the Rajya Sabha?

- a) Less than Four
- b) Four only
- c) Five only
- d) More than five

72. With reference to “Zero Hour” in the Indian Parliament, consider the following statements:

1. It is not mentioned in the Constitution or the Rules of Procedure of Parliament.
2. It was introduced in 1962 as a parliamentary innovation.
3. It allows members to raise matters of urgent public importance without prior notice.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All three
- d) None

73. Arrange the following dynasties in chronological order based on their founding year:

1. Hoysala Dynasty
2. Gahadavala Dynasty
3. Bahmani Dynasty
4. Kakatiya Dynasty

- a) 1 – 2 – 3 – 4
- b) 2 – 1 – 4 – 3
- c) 2 – 4 – 1 – 3
- d) 1 – 2 – 4 – 3

74. Arrange the following Vijayanagara rulers in chronological order (earliest to latest):

1. Deva Raya II
2. Virupaksha II

3. Krishna Deva Raya
4. Achyuta Deva Raya
5. Virupaksha I
6. Deva Raya I
7. Ramachandra Raya

- a) 6 – 5 – 7 – 1 – 2 – 3 – 4
- b) 5 – 6 – 7 – 1 – 2 – 3 – 4
- c) 5 – 6 – 7 – 1 – 2 – 4 – 3
- d) 5 – 6 – 7 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 4

75. President of Singapore Tharman Shanmugaratnam recently visited which of the following cultural heritage sites during his state visit to India?

- a) Taj Mahal at Agra
- b) Konark Sun Temple in Odisha
- c) Qutub Minar in Delhi
- d) Hampi ruins in Karnataka

76. Consider the following statements about the 18th Pravasi Bharatiya Divas (PBD) 2025, held in Bhubaneswar, Odisha:

1. The theme of PBD 2025 was “*Diaspora: Reliable Partners for Viksit Bharat*”.
2. The Chief Guest was the President of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, **H. E. Christine Carla Kangaloo**, who addressed the gathering virtually.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

77. Match the following organizations/movements with their year/founders:

List – I (Organizations/Movements)

- A. Indian National Conference (First Session)
- B. Bhagat Movement
- C. Madras Mahajan Sabha
- D. Bombay Presidency Association
- E. Indian Association of Calcutta

List – II (Year/Founder/Place)

- 1. 1885 – Pherozeshah Mehta, K.T. Telang, Badruddin Tyabji
- 2. 1883 – Calcutta
- 3. 1876 – Surendranath Banerjee & Ananda Mohan Bose (Calcutta)
- 4. 1883 – Govindgiri Gobpalia & Punja Dhirji (Bhil farmers' movement)
- 5. 1884 – M. Viraraghavachari, P. Ananda Charlu, B. Subramaniya Aiyer, P. R. Naidu, Raja Savali Ramamswami

- a) A-4, B-3, C-2, D-5, E-1
- b) A-5, B-1, C-4, D-3, E-2
- c) A-3, B-2, C-1, D-4, E-5
- d) A-2, B-4, C-5, D-1, E-3

78. Consider the following statements:

- 1. The slogan *"India for Indians"* was given by Surendranath Banerjee in 1876.
- 2. Gopal Krishna Gokhale was the first to give the call for *"Swaraj"* in India.
- 3. Dadabhai Naoroji, at the Calcutta session of 1906, gave the first formal call for *"Swaraj."*

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) None
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3 only

79. Consider the following pairs:

- 1. Battle of Sarnal – 1572
- 2. First Ahom–Mughal War – 1615
- 3. Battle of Saraighat – 1671
- 4. Battle of Shakarkheda – 1724 (between Nizam-ul-Mulk and Mubariz Khan, Subedar of Deccan)

Which of the above pairs is/are NOT correctly matched?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 4 only
- d) None of the above

80. Who described the Indian National Congress Conferences as the *"Annual National Festival of Educated Indians"*?

- a) Dadabhai Naoroji
- b) Lala Lajpat Rai
- c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- d) Surendranath Banerjee

81. Consider the following pairs of countries and their capitals:

- 1. Yemen — Sanaa
- 2. Tajikistan — Dushanbe
- 3. Mongolia — Ulaanbaatar
- 4. Kazakhstan — Nur-Sultan
- 5. Jordan — Amman

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only
- c) 2, 3 and 5 only
- d) All of the above

82. With reference to recent developments regarding national capitals, consider the following statements:

1. Egypt has inaugurated a New Administrative Capital (NAC) east of Cairo in 2024, which now functions as the new seat of government, though Cairo continues as the historic capital.
2. Indonesia, through legislation in 2024, has begun the process of shifting its capital from Jakarta to Nusantara in East Kalimantan, with a phased transition planned until 2028.
3. Kazakhstan, in 2024, shifted its capital back from Astana to Almaty.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) None
- d) 1, 2 and 3

83. With reference to the background of the **Battle of Buxar (1764)**, consider the following statements:

1. Mir Kasim abolished all transit duties in Bengal in response to the misuse of **dastaks** by the English Company officials.
2. The immediate cause of conflict was the refusal of **Ram Narayan**, Deputy

Governor of Bihar, to submit accounts of revenue to Mir Kasim.

3. English Company servants used Mughal **farmans** to justify their private trade without duties.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) None
- b) Only two
- c) All three
- d) Only one

84. Murshid Quli Khan, the first Nawab of Bengal (1717–1727), is also known by which titular name?

- a) Shuja-ud-Daula
- b) Jafar Khan
- c) Alivardi Khan
- d) Sarfaraz Khan

85. In the **Battle of Chandawar (1194)**, Muhammad Ghori defeated Jaichand. Jaichand belonged to which dynasty?

- a) Chauhan Dynasty
- b) Parmar Dynasty
- c) Chandela Dynasty
- d) Gahadavala Dynasty

86. Match the Following Battles with their Year

List – I (Battle)

List – II (Year)

A. Battle of Buxar

1. 1764 , 22 Oct

B. Battle of Plassey

2. 1757 , 23 June

C. Battle of Chausa

3. 1539 , 26 June

D. Second Battle of Panipat

4. 1556 , 5 Nov

- a) A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3
- b) A-2, B-1, C-3, D-4
- c) A-2, B-3, C-1, D-4
- d) A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4

87. With reference to the following events, consider the statements below:

1. The **Battle of Talikota** in 1565 resulted in the defeat of Rama Raya by the combined armies of Bijapur, Ahmadnagar, Golkonda, and Bidar.
2. The **Battle of Wandevash** in 1760 was fought between the French and the Marathas.
3. The **Treaty of Paris** in 1763 ended Anglo-French hostilities in India.
4. In 1762, **Mir Kasim transferred his capital** from Murshidabad to Munger.

How many of the above statements are **NOT correct**?

- a) None
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3

88: With reference to the following events, which of the pairs are correctly matched?

- A. **Golden League** – 1906
- B. **Ganga Mahasabha** – Founded by Madan Mohan Malaviya; MK Gandhi & “Karmyogi” title given by Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan; 1906
- C. **Alipore Conspiracy Case** – Also called Muraripukur / Manicktolla bomb conspiracy; Kanailal Dutta arrested; 1908
- D. **Ghadar Party** – Founded 1913; Sohan Singh Bhakna was President

- a) All of the above
- b) A, B and C only
- c) B, C and D only
- d) C and D only

89. With reference to the Swaraj Party, consider the following statements:

1. The Swaraj Party was formed in January 1923 due to dissatisfaction with the suspension of the Non-Cooperation Movement after the Chauri Chaura incident.
2. C.R. Das and Motilal Nehru were the founders, serving as President and Secretary respectively.
3. The Party aimed to achieve self-rule (Swaraj) by entering legislative councils and successfully opposed the Public Safety Bill of 1928.
4. Vallabhbhai Patel became the Speaker of the Central Legislative Assembly in 1925.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- b) 1, 2, and 4 only
- c) 1, 2, 3, and 4
- d) 2, 3, and 4 only

90. Consider the following table and choose the correct matching of countries with their respective Prime Ministers / Interim Prime Ministers as of 2025:

Country	Prime Minister / Interim Prime Minister
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1. Sri Lanka	A. Khadga Prasad Sharma Oli (K.P. Oli)
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2. Bangladesh	B. Dr. Harini Amarasuriya
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3. Nepal	C. Nyo Saw
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4. Myanmar	D. Muhammad Yunus
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a) 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A

b) 1-D, 2-B, 3-C, 4-A

c) 1-A, 2-D, 3-B, 4-C

d) 1-B, 2-D, 3-A, 4-C

91. With reference to the Communist Party of India (CPI), consider the following statements:

1. The Communist Party was initially formed in **Tashkent in 1920** by M.N. Roy, Abani Mukharji, and others.
2. The Communist Party was later formed in **India in 1925 at Kanpur.**
3. P.C. Joshi became the General Secretary of the CPI in **1935.**
4. The CPI was formed in India in **Tashkent in 1925.**

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2, 3, and 4 only
- d) All of the above

92. With reference to the fort of Kalinjar, consider the following statements:

1. Nasiruddin Mahmud attacked the fort of Kalinjar in **1251 AD.**
2. Balban attacked Kalinjar in **1247 AD** under the leadership of Ulugh Khan.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

93. With reference to the Mughal succession battles during Shah Jahan's reign, consider the following statements:

1. The **Battle of Dharmat** (April 1658) was fought between Aurangzeb and Dara Shikoh, in which Dara Shikoh was defeated.
2. The **Battle of Samugarh** (May 1658) saw Dara Shikoh defeated by his brothers Aurangzeb and Murad.
3. The **Battle of Deorai** (April 12-14, 1659) confirmed Aurangzeb's possession of the Mughal throne.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) None
- d) 1, 2, and 3

94. With reference to the following treaties, consider the correctness of the statements given below:

1. The **Treaty of Alinagar** was signed between Robert Clive and Siraj ud-Daula and preceded the **Battle of Plassey.**

2. The **Treaty of Allahabad (1765)** was concluded after the **Battle of Buxar** between Robert Clive, Shah Alam II, and Shuja-ud-Daula.
3. The **Treaty of Salbai (1782)** ended the **1st Anglo-Maratha War** between the Marathas (Mahadaji Shinde) and the British (Warren Hastings).
4. The **Treaty of Seringapatam (1792)** ended the **3rd Anglo-Mysore War** between Tipu Sultan and the British (Lord Cornwallis).
5. The **Treaty of Sugauli (1816)** ended the **Anglo-Nepal War** between the British and Nepal.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 5
- d) 2

95. Arrange the following wars in the correct chronological order:

1. Second Carnatic War
2. First Anglo-Maratha War
3. Third Anglo-Mysore War
4. Second Anglo-Afghan War

- a) 1 – 3 – 2 – 4
- b) 2 – 1 – 3 – 4
- c) 1 – 2 – 3 – 4
- d) 2 – 3 – 1 – 4

96. With reference to the annexations under the Doctrine of Lapse, consider the following pairs:

1. Satara – 1858
2. Sambalpur – 1860
3. Udaipur – 1862
4. Jhansi – 1867

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) Only 2
- b) Only 3
- c) All 4
- d) None

97. Consider the following statements about the Asia Rugby Under-20 Sevens Championship 2025:

1. Hong Kong defeated Sri Lanka to win the Men's final.
2. China defeated Hong Kong to win the Women's final.
3. The finals were played at Rajgir International Sports Complex, Bihar.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

98. Consider the following pairs of rocks and their types:

1. Granite – Igneous
2. Limestone – Sedimentary
3. Gneiss – Metamorphic
4. Basalt – Sedimentary

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 4 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

99. With reference to the August Offer (1940), consider the following statements:

1. It was announced by Viceroy Linlithgow, promising expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council and more Indian representation.
2. The Offer recognised, for the first time, the right of Indians to frame their own Constitution through a Constituent Assembly.
3. The Indian National Congress accepted the proposal, while the Muslim League rejected it.
4. After rejection by Congress, Gandhiji launched Individual Satyagraha, with Vinoba Bhave as the first satyagrahi.

How many of the above statements are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) All four

100. With reference to membership of major international organizations as of May 2025, consider the following pairs:

1. UNO – 193 members
2. ILO – 187 members
3. ICAO – 193 members
4. WIPO (Geneva) – 193 members
5. WMO – 193 members

6. WHA – 194 members

How many of the above pairs are NOT correctly matched?

- a) Only one
- b) Two
- c) Three
- d) None

101. With reference to ancient and medieval Indian port towns, consider the following pairs:

1. Chola – Puhar (Kaveripattinam) : Port city on the Kaveri river with active foreign trade
2. Sangam Age – Muchiri : Located on Periyar river (Kerala), flourished in Indo-Roman trade
3. Pandya – Korkai : Famous pearl fishing port, major hub of Roman trade
4. Gupta Age – Tamralipti : Principal port of eastern India, connected to Southeast Asia
5. Bahmani Kingdom – Chaul and Dabhol : Important western coast ports under Bahmani control

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 2 only
- b) 3 only
- c) 4 only
- d) All 5

102. With reference to ancient Indian coinage, consider the following pairs:

1. Maurya – Punched-marked coins
2. Pandya – Fish symbol on reverse

3. Pallava – Square-shaped coin with elephant motif
4. Indo-Greeks – First to issue bilingual coins with names and images of rulers

Which of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

103. With reference to coinage in Indian history, consider the following pairs:

1. Sangam period / Vijayanagar – *Fanam* coin system
2. Western Chalukyas – Gold *Pagoda* (punched-marked coins)
3. Kushana ruler Vima Kadphises – First to issue gold coins on a large scale
4. Vijayanagar – Gold (*Vraha/Pagoda*; *Pon* in Tamil, *Honnu* in Kannada), Silver (*Tara*)
5. Iltutmish – Copper (*Tanka*), Silver (*Jital*)

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 3 only
- b) 4 only
- c) All
- d) None

104. With reference to taxation in Indian history, consider the following pairs:

1. **Ashoka** – Land revenue fixed at 1/6 of produce

2. **Harshavardhana** – Bhaga (land revenue) fixed at 1/6 of produce
3. **Chauth** – A Maratha tax equal to 1/4 of the produce
4. **Cholas** – Land tax was 1/3 of produce

How many of the above pairs are correctly matched?

- a) 2 only
- b) 3 only
- c) All 4
- d) 1 only

105. With reference to the religious affiliations of Indian dynasties (as of historical records), consider the following pairs:

1. **Pala dynasty** – Buddhism
2. **Pallava dynasty** – Buddhism, Jainism, Vaishnavism, Shaivism
3. **Hoysalas** – Shaivism, Vaishnavism, Jainism
4. **Chalukyas** – Hinduism along with Buddhism and Jainism
5. **Kanva dynasty** – Brahmin rulers

How many of the above pairs are NOT correctly matched?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 3 only
- d) None

106. Consider the following statements regarding the condition of women in different historical periods of India:

1. In the Early Vedic period, women enjoyed relatively good status, including participation in assemblies.
2. During the Mahajanapada period, women, dasas, and kammakaras were excluded from political assemblies.
3. In the Gupta period, practices like sati and polygamy among kings became prevalent.
4. British traveler Nuniz mentions that women in the Vijayanagar empire were skilled in accounting.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
(b) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
(c) 2, 3 and 4 only
(d) 1 and 4 only

107. With reference to the Global Liveability Index 2025, consider the following statements:

1. Vienna (Austria) has been ranked as the most liveable city in 2025.
2. Zurich (Switzerland) and Geneva (Switzerland) share the second rank in the index.
3. The Global Liveability Index is released annually by the World Bank.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
B. 2 and 3 only
C. 1 and 3 only
D. None of the above

108. Which of the following correctly matches the compound with its source and property?

- a) Lycopene – Chilli – Pungency
b) Capsaicin – Tomato – Red pigment
c) Lycopene – Tomato – Red pigment
d) Capsaicin – Apple – Sweetness

109. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?

- a) Vitamin B12 — Niacin
b) Vitamin B2 — Riboflavin
c) Vitamin B3 — Thiamine
d) Vitamin B1 — Cyanocobalamin

110.

Statement I: Cerebrum controls voluntary actions like walking, writing, and speaking.

Statement II: Cerebellum controls involuntary actions like heartbeat and breathing.

- a) Both statements are correct
b) Both statements are incorrect
c) Statement I is correct, Statement II is incorrect
d) Statement I is incorrect, Statement II is correct

111. Medulla oblongata controls —

- a) Intelligence and learning
b) Breathing, blood pressure, and heartbeat
c) Balance and posture
d) Body temperature

112. Which of the following is correctly matched?

- a) Boric acid — Food preservative
b) Citric acid — Antiseptic
c) Boric acid — Antiseptic
d) Acetic acid — Fertilizer

113. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?

- a) AgI — Artificial rain
b) $Mg(OH)_2$ — Antacid

- c) LiHCO_3 — Treatment of Rheumatism
d) AgBr — Preserve photographic image

- a) Only a and b
b) Only a, b and d
c) Only b, c and d
d) All of the above

114. Consider the following pairs regarding metal salts used in fireworks and the colours they produce:

1. Strontium carbonate — Black colour
2. Calcium chloride — Orange colour
3. Copper chloride — Blue colour

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

115. Which type of infrared rays are used in TV remote controls?

- a) Long wave infrared
b) Medium wave infrared
c) Short wave / Near infrared
d) Visible light

116. Consider the following sweetening agents:

1. Sucralose
2. Saccharin
3. Aspartame
4. Fructose
5. Sucrose

Which one of the following is the **correct decreasing order of sweetness** with respect to sucrose?

- a) Fructose > Aspartame > Saccharin > Sucralose > Sucrose
b) Saccharin > Sucralose > Aspartame > Fructose > Sucrose
c) Sucralose > Saccharin > Aspartame > Fructose > Sucrose
d) Aspartame > Sucralose > Saccharin > Fructose > Sucrose

117. Which of the following pairs of disaccharides and their constituent monosaccharides is/are correctly matched?

1. **Sugarcane (Sucrose)** — Glucose + Fructose
2. **Maltose** — Glucose + Glucose
3. **Lactose** — Galactose + Glucose

- a) None
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

118. Arrange the following atomic models in the correct chronological order of their proposal:

1. Rutherford's Nuclear Model
2. Thomson's Plum Pudding Model
3. Bohr's Planetary Model

- a) 1 → 2 → 3
b) 2 → 1 → 3
c) 2 → 3 → 1
d) 3 → 2 → 1

119. Consider the following statements about fundamental chemical laws:

1. **Law of Definite Proportions** — The ratio of elements by mass in a compound can vary depending on the method of preparation.
2. **Law of Multiple Proportions** — When two elements form more than one compound, the masses of one element combining with a fixed mass of the other are in random fractional ratios.
3. **Avogadro's Law** — Equal masses of all gases at the same temperature and pressure contain an equal number of molecules.
4. **Law of Conservation of Mass** — Mass can be created or destroyed during a chemical reaction.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 3 and 4 only
- c) 1, 2 and 3 only
- d) None of the above

120. Arrange the following substances in the correct chronological order of their first successful laboratory synthesis:

1. Kevlar
2. Fluorene
3. Graphene
4. Black Gold (nanostructured)

- a) Kevlar → Fluorene → Graphene → Black Gold
- b) Fluorene → Kevlar → Graphene → Black

Gold

- c) Fluorene → Graphene → Kevlar → Black Gold
- d) Graphene → Fluorene → Kevlar → Black Gold

121. Consider the following components of Saturn's atmosphere:

1. Hydrogen
2. Helium
3. Methane
4. Ammonia

Which of the following is the correct order of their relative abundance in Saturn's atmosphere?

- a) Helium > Hydrogen > Methane > Ammonia
- b) Hydrogen > Helium > Methane > Ammonia
- c) Hydrogen > Methane > Helium > Ammonia
- d) Hydrogen > Helium > Ammonia > Methane

122. Which of the following pairs of optical phenomena and their examples are correctly matched?

1. **Refraction** — (a) Twinkling of stars
 2. **Refraction** — (b) Sun visible a few minutes before sunrise and after sunset
 3. **Total Internal Reflection (TIR)** — (c) Sparkle of diamond
 4. **Interference** — (d) Different colours on soap bubbles
 5. **Scattering** — (e) Sky appears blue
- a) 1, 2 and 5 only
 - b) 2, 3, 4 and 5 only
 - c) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

123. Gadolinium exhibits which of the following magnetic behavior below its Curie temperature (~ 293 K)?

- a) Diamagnetic
- b) Paramagnetic
- c) Ferromagnetic
- d) Antiferromagnetic

124. Consider the following statements about stars:

1. **Lifespan:** Dwarf stars live much longer than giant stars.
2. **Rate of nuclear reactions:** Giant stars have a much higher nuclear reaction rate than dwarf stars.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) Both 1 and 2
- d) Neither 1 nor 2

125. Consider the following statement:

“Hot water has lower surface tension than cold water.”

Which of the following is correct?

- a) True — Surface tension decreases with temperature because higher kinetic energy reduces cohesive forces.
- b) False — Surface tension increases with temperature.
- c) False — Surface tension is independent of temperature.
- d) True — Surface tension increases due to thermal expansion.

126. Which cells of the pancreas secrete insulin?

- a) Alpha cells

- b) Beta cells
- c) Delta cells
- d) F cells

127. Consider the following statements regarding hormones:

1. Insulin is secreted by the beta cells of the Islets of Langerhans in the pancreas.
2. Adrenaline is a hormone that helps the body respond to stressful situations, also known as the fight-or-flight hormone.
3. Aldosterone regulates water and salt balance in the body by acting on the kidneys.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

128. Consider the following statements regarding vitamins and their deficiency diseases:

1. Vitamin A (Retinol) deficiency causes **scurvy**.
2. Vitamin D (Calciferol) deficiency leads to **night blindness**.
3. Vitamin E (Tocopherol) deficiency results in **rickets**.
4. Vitamin K (Phylloquinone) deficiency causes **muscle damage**.
5. Vitamin B1 (Thiamine) deficiency causes **pellagra**.

6. Vitamin C (Ascorbic acid) deficiency leads to **beri-beri**.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 3 and 4 only
- c) 5 and 6 only
- d) None of the above

129. Consider the following enzymes and their sites of secretion:

- 1. **Ptyalin** — Stomach
- 2. **Maltase** — Liver
- 3. **Pepsin** — Small intestine
- 4. **Alkaline phosphatase** — Salivary glands

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- d) None of the above

130. Consider the following statements regarding blood cells:

- 1. **Lymphocytes** are white blood cells involved in immune response and are produced in the bone marrow.
- 2. **Erythrocytes** are red blood cells containing hemoglobin that transport oxygen from the lungs to body tissues.
- 3. **Thrombocytes (Platelets)** are involved in blood clotting and help repair damaged blood vessels.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

131. Consider the following statements regarding enzymes:

- 1. **Amylase** breaks down starches and carbohydrates into sugars.
- 2. **Lipase** breaks down lipids (fats and oils) into glycerol and fatty acids.
- 3. **Protease** breaks down proteins into amino acids.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

132. The AI-powered retinal scanner is primarily used for the detection of —

- a) Heart arrhythmia and blood pressure irregularities
- b) Diabetic retinopathy and glaucoma
- c) Kidney stones and urinary tract infections
- d) Lung cancer and tuberculosis

133. Which of the following is an example of a foliated metamorphic rock?

- a) Marble
- b) Quartzite
- c) Slate
- d) Limestone

134. The Champaran Satyagraha (1917) led by Mahatma Gandhi was significant for several reasons. Which of the following statements is correct?

1. It was the first application of **Satyagraha in India**.
2. It was related to the grievances of **indigo farmers** against European planters.
3. Gandhi relied entirely on **violent protest** to achieve results.
4. It marked the beginning of **mass civil disobedience campaigns** in India.

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1, 2 and 4 only
- d) 1, 3 and 4 only

135. The first successful human heart transplant was performed in —

- a) United States
- b) United Kingdom
- c) South Africa
- d) Germany

136. Which of the following countries share a land border with Azerbaijan?

- a) Russia, Iran, Armenia, Georgia, Turkey
- b) Russia, Iran, Armenia, Georgia, Kazakhstan
- c) Russia, Iran, Turkmenistan, Georgia, Turkey
- d) Russia, Iran, Armenia, Turkmenistan, Turkey

137. Which of the following countries have a coastline along the South China Sea?

1. China
2. Vietnam
3. Malaysia
4. Thailand
5. Philippines
6. Indonesia

- a) 1, 2, 3, 5 only
- b) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 only
- c) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
- d) 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 only

138. A bag contains 5 red, 4 green, and 3 blue balls. Two balls are drawn randomly. Probability that both are red:

- a) $\frac{1}{3}$
- b) $\frac{2}{11}$
- c) $\frac{5}{33}$
- d) $\frac{10}{66}$

139. A container has a mixture of milk and water in the ratio 5:3. 8 liters of mixture is replaced with water. The ratio becomes 5:4. Find the original quantity of mixture.

- a) 40 L
- b) 48 L
- c) 32 L
- d) 36 L

140. Pointing to a man, Rani said, "He is the son of my grandfather's only son's daughter." How is the man related to Rani?

- a) Brother
- b) Cousin
- c) Nephew
- d) Uncle

141. Which of the following numbers are prime?

- a) 41, 51, 61, 71
- b) 23, 29, 33, 37
- c) 17, 19, 23, 25
- d) 11, 13, 15, 17

142. A person invests ₹50,000 at a compound interest rate of 10% per annum, compounded annually. What will be the amount at the end of 3 years?

- a) ₹65,500
- b) ₹66,550
- c) ₹67,100
- d) ₹67,750

143. 1st January 2025 is Wednesday. What day of the week will 1st August 2025 fall on?

- a) Friday
- b) Saturday
- c) Thursday
- d) Sunday

144. Which of the following European countries is not a member of NATO?

- a) Switzerland
- b) Sweden
- c) Ireland
- d) All of the above

145. Canada recently received a **Brass Bodhi Tree sculpture** as a cultural gift from India. Who is the current Prime Minister of Canada?

- a) Mark Carney
- b) Justin Trudeau
- c) Stephen Harper
- d) Pierre Trudeau

146. Laos recently received a **Kadamwood Colour-Embossed Buddha Head** as a cultural gift. Who is the current Prime Minister of Laos?

- a) Thongloun Sisoulith
- b) Sonexay Siphandone
- c) Bounnhang Vorachith
- d) Khamtai Siphandone

147. Who won the 2025 Miami Grand Prix held on May 4, 2025?

- a) Lewis Hamilton
- b) Max Verstappen

- c) Oscar Piastri
- d) Lando Norris

148. Ashim Kumar Ghosh is associated with which of the following Indian states?

- a) Goa
- b) Gujarat
- c) Haryana
- d) Kerala

149. Arrange the following Lok Sabha Speakers in chronological order of their tenure:

1. G. M. C. Balayogi
2. Manohar Joshi
3. Somnath Chatterjee
4. Meira Kumar

- a) 2 → 3 → 1 → 4
- b) 3 → 2 → 1 → 4
- c) 3 → 1 → 2 → 4
- d) 1 → 2 → 3 → 4

150. In the Khelo India Youth Games 2025, Alka Singh from Bihar secured a gold medal in which event?

- A) Shot Put
- B) Discus Throw
- C) Javelin Throw
- D) Long Jump